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TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

Bureau of Customs.

[T. D. 49019]

CUSTOMS REGULATIONS AMENDED—POST ENTRY

JUNE 8, 1937.

To Collectors of Customs and Others Concerned:

Pursuant to the authority contained in section 624 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (U. S. C., title 19, sec. 1624), and section 161 of the Revised Statutes (U. S. C., title 5, sec. 22), article 123 of the Customs Regulations of 1931, as amended by T. D. 48171, is further amended by adding a new paragraph (b) to read as follows:

(b) Post entry on customs Form 3257, in duplicate, shall be made for all merchandise, including bulk merchandise, and baggage, which is not included in or which does not agree with the manifest, and the fee (Art. 208) paid. One copy shall be mailed or delivered promptly to the comptroller.

This regulation has been approved by the Secretary of Commerce.

A supply of customs Form 3257 is now available, and supplies thereof may be obtained by submitting requisitions to the Department.

[SEAL]

STEPHEN B. GIBBONS,
Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

[F. R. Doc. 37-1756; Filed, June 12, 1937; 9:27 a. m.]

WAR DEPARTMENT.

[Bulletin No. 4]

RULES AND REGULATIONS FOR NATIONAL RIFLE AND PISTOL MATCHES, 1937

MAY 20, 1937.

Rules and regulations for the national matches, 1937.—The following rules and regulations for the national rifle and pistol matches, 1937, for which are awarded the national trophies, medals, and other badges, as recommended by the National Board for the Promotion of Rifle Practice at a meeting convened at Washington, D. C., March 12, 1937, are published for the information and guidance of all concerned.

General conditions.—The rules and regulations for the national matches, except as provided for and published in this bulletin, will be found in the Official Program of the National Matches, Basic Field Manual, Volume III, Part One, Chapter 1 (Rifle Marksmanship), Chapter 2 (Automatic Rifle Marksmanship), Chapter 3 (Automatic Pistol Marksmanship), AR 600-75, AR 740-10, and the Official Rules for Rifle and Pistol Shooting, National Rifle Association (latest revision).

1. *Dates and places at which national matches and school will be held.*—For the year 1937 the national matches and the

Small Arms Firing School held in conjunction therewith will be held at Camp Perry, Ohio, for a period of 21 days beginning Sunday, August 22, 1937, and ending Saturday, September 11, 1937, both dates inclusive.

2. *Small Arms Firing School.*—The Small Arms Firing School will be held from Sunday, August 22, 1937, to Friday, August 27, 1937 (6 days), both dates inclusive. The period designated above will be devoted primarily to the school.

3. *National Rifle Association matches.*—The matches for which medals and trophies are provided by the National Rifle Association will be held from Saturday, August 28, 1937, to Sunday, September 5, 1937 (9 days), both dates inclusive.

4. *National matches.*—The national rifle and pistol matches for which are awarded the national trophies, medals, and other badges will be held from Monday, September 6, 1937, to Saturday, September 11, 1937 (6 days), both dates inclusive.

The national matches for the year 1937 will consist of the following:

- a. Infantry match.
- b. National individual rifle match.
- c. Citizens' military championship match.
- d. National individual pistol match.
- e. National pistol team match.
- f. National rifle team match.

5. *Executive officer may change program.*—The foregoing restrictions on dates and periods for the school and designated matches will be adhered to unless weather conditions interfere to such an extent as to make changes necessary, in which case the executive officer will make the required alteration in the program.

NATIONAL RIFLE TEAM MATCH

6. *Open to:* Teams consisting of a team captain, team coach, 10 firers, and 2 alternates.

a. Service teams:

- (1) Regular Army, from the Infantry, Cavalry, and Engineers, 1 each.
- (2) United States Navy, 1.
- (3) United States Marine Corps, 1.
- (4) United States Coast Guard, 1.
- (5) United States Military Academy, 1.
- (6) United States Naval Academy, 1.

b. National Guard and Organized Reserves teams:

- (1) Federally recognized National Guard of the several States and Territories, including the District of Columbia, 1 each.
- (2) Federally recognized Naval Militia of the several States and Territories, including the District of Columbia, 1 each.
- (3) Naval Reserve, not more than 4 teams as designated by the Navy Department.
- (4) Marine Corps Reserve, not more than 2 teams as designated by the Navy Department.
- (5) Organized Reserves, 1 team.



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c. Civilian teams:

(1) One civilian team from each of the several States and Territories, including the District of Columbia, to be selected by competition.

(2) Reserve Officers' Training Corps, 1 from each corps area.

(3) Citizens' Military Training Camps, 1 from each corps area.

(4) Any organization composed of veterans of any war or wars in which the United States has been engaged, 1 or more.

7. *Course of fire.—First stage.*—Slow fire, 200 yards—target A. Ten shots standing. Time limit, 1 minute per shot. No sighting shots.

Second stage.—Rapid fire, 200 yards—target A. Ten shots. Kneeling or sitting, from standing. Time limit, 1 minute. Battle sight or leaf sight may be used.

Third stage.—Rapid fire, 300 yards—target A. Ten shots. Prone from standing. Time limit, 1 minute 10 seconds. Battle sight or leaf sight may be used.

Fourth stage.—Slow fire, 600 yards—target B. Ten shots. Prone. No sighting shots. No artificial rest. Time limit, 1 minute per shot.

Fifth stage.—Slow fire, 1,000 yards—target C. Twenty shots. Prone. No sighting shots. No artificial rest. Time limit 1½ minutes per shot.

8. *Eligibility requirements.*—At least 50 percent of the shooting members of each team representing the several arms of the Army, the Navy, the Marine Corps, and the Coast Guard shall be men who have never before shot as members of any national match rifle team.

Teams other than those representing the several arms of the Army, the Navy, the Marine Corps, and the Coast Guard shall be subject to the following elimination rules:

A team listed in class A after the national matches of 1936 or after the last national matches in which such team competed shall have at least 40 percent of its shooting members composed of men who have never before shot on any national match rifle team.

A team listed in class B after the national matches of 1936 or after the last national matches in which such team competed shall have at least 30 percent of its shooting members composed of men who have never before shot on any national match rifle team.

A team listed in class C after the national matches of 1936 or after the last national matches in which such team competed shall have at least 20 percent of its shooting members composed of men who have never before shot on any national match rifle team.

A team listed as "unclassified" after the national matches of 1936 or after the last national matches in which such team competed shall have at least 10 percent of its shooting members composed of men who have never before shot on any national match rifle team.

Participation as a shooting member of a Reserve Officers' Training Corps or Citizens' Military Training Camps team will not be considered as previous participation within the above eligibility requirements.

9. *Team regulations.*—No team shall have as a team captain, team coach, or range officer, or as a shooting member or alternate, anyone who is less than 16 years of age on his last birthday, or who is not a citizen of the United States.

All team members to be eligible to shoot in the national rifle team match must have been selected through competition before arrival at the national match camp and must be so certified to the executive officer of the national matches in proper credentials, and must also attend the full course of the Small Arms Firing School unless they have received a certificate of proficiency from it or from a similar service school of the Regular Army, Navy, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard, or can furnish satisfactory evidence of attending such a course.

Each team captain upon arrival at Camp Perry shall present to the executive officer of the national matches an order in triplicate signed by the adjutant general of the State or other proper authority designating the team officials and other members of the team, giving their home addresses and certifying as to their eligibility under these rules and regulations.

The list shall contain the names of not to exceed 14 eligibles, from among whom the team, including the team captain and team coach, shall be finally selected.

Any person, regardless of his classification, is eligible to act as coach for Reserve Officers' Training Corps, Citizens' Military Training Camps, or other civilian teams. A team reporting at the national matches without a coach may request the executive officer to furnish such a coach, and upon request the executive officer will detail a coach from any officers, enlisted men, or civilians available. A coach selected after arrival at Camp Perry will not be entitled to any change in previous status as to pay and allowances from the United States.

Members of the National Guard and all other Reserve components will shoot only as members of their respective components.

Former members of the Reserve Officers' Training Corps and of the Citizens' Military Training Camps who have joined any other component of the Army may compete as a member of a Citizens' Military Training Camp or Reserve Officers' Training Corps team, provided that not more than 6 months have elapsed since joining such component of the Army.

10. *Entries.*—Not later than 6 p. m. of the day of the prescribed preliminary team practice each team captain will submit to the statistical officer at his office, on blank score cards in duplicate, furnished for the purpose, a legible list of the members of his team, showing the correct first name, middle initial, last name, grade, and organization of the team captain, team coach, 10 firers, and 2 alternates. Any or all of the alternates listed, and no others, may be substituted as shooting members at any time prior to the beginning of the score of the last pair at the initial stage of the match. Thereafter substitution may be made only on surgeon's certificate of disability approved by the executive officer.

Either the team captain or the coach or both, if otherwise eligible under the rules may serve also as shooting members provided they have also been listed as shooting members or alternates.

11. *Elimination of teams.*—The executive officer may, at his discretion, at any time after the first stage, eliminate from further participation in the match any number of teams of lower standing in excess of a remaining number of 50 teams.

12. *Classification and prizes.*—After the national rifle team match the teams shall be classified in descending sequence, as class A, class B, class C, and "unclassified." In each of the first three classes there shall be listed 10 teams exclusive of service teams. Thereafter each service team shall be placed in class A, class B, class C, or "unclassified" according to its total score regardless of the number of teams then resulting in each class. A distinctive medal will be awarded each member of each team in class A, class B, and class C. All teams not listed in class A, class B, or class C shall be unclassified.

13. *Medals to team officers and alternates.*—For the awarding of the medals referred to above each team officer and alternate herein provided for shall be awarded a medal.

14. *Award of trophies.*—One trophy shall be awarded to the highest team representing the United States services. One trophy shall be awarded to the highest team from the National Guard or State troops of the several States and Territories and the Naval Reserves of the several naval districts, both including the District of Columbia, the Organized Reserves, and the Marine Corps Reserve. One trophy shall be awarded to the highest team representing the Citizens' Military Training Camps and the Reserve Officers' Training Corps. One trophy shall be awarded to the highest civilian team.

Among the above-stated trophy teams the "National Trophy" shall be awarded to the highest team. The "Hilton Trophy" shall be awarded to the highest team of the remaining three classes. The "Soldier of Marathon Trophy" shall be awarded to the highest team of the remaining two classes. The "Minuteman Trophy" shall be awarded to the highest team of the remaining class. These trophies to be held by the winners until the next national matches.

To the highest individual competitor in the national rifle team match shall be awarded the Pershing Trophy, to be held until the next national match, and the Pershing Trophy gold medal, to be the permanent property of the winner.

A miniature of each of the above-named trophies shall also be awarded in each case where the original trophy is awarded, such miniature trophy to be the permanent property of the team or individual winning the original trophy in that year.

NATIONAL PISTOL TEAM MATCH

15. *Open to*—Teams consisting of a team captain and 5 firers and 1 alternate from the following:

a. Service teams:

- (1) Regular Army, from the several arms, 1 each.
- (2) United States Navy, 1.
- (3) United States Marine Corps, 1.
- (4) United States Coast Guard, 1.
- (5) United States Military Academy, 1.
- (6) United States Naval Academy, 1.

b. National Guard and Reserve teams:

- (1) Federally recognized National Guard of the several States and Territories, including the District of Columbia, 1 each.
- (2) Federally recognized Naval Militia of the several States and Territories, 1 each.
- (3) The Naval Reserve, 1 or more as designated by the Navy Department.
- (4) The Marine Corps Reserve, 1 or more as designated by the Navy Department.
- (5) Organized Reserves, 1 or more as designated by the War Department.

c. Civilian teams:

- (1) One civilian team from each of the several States and Territories, including the District of Columbia, to be selected by competition.
- (2) Reserve Officers' Training Corps, 1 or more.
- (3) Citizens' Military Training Camps, 1 or more.

(4) Any organization composed of veterans of any war or wars in which the United States has been engaged, 1 or more.

(5) Any organized police or constabulary force in the United States, 1 team.

d. The allowances for transportation and subsistence or reimbursements therefor provided for members of the several national match rifle teams will be paid only to such members of the several national match pistol teams as have also been properly designated as members of a national match rifle team. All other members of the several national match pistol teams must provide for their own expenses, except that the executive officer is authorized to furnish all such members with tentage and such other equipment as may be available.

e. At least 20 percent of the shooting members of each pistol team shall be men who have never before shot as members of any national match pistol team.

f. Members of Reserve components attending the national matches at their own expense may fire as members of an organized police or constabulary team provided they are bona fide members of those organizations. They cannot fire as members of a civilian team other than police or constabulary. Teams composed of both civilians and policemen will not be permitted.

16. *Course of fire.*—*First stage.*—Slow fire, 50 yards—Standard American 50-yard target, 2 scores (5 shots each); 1 minute per shot.

Second stage.—Timed fire, 25 yards—Standard American 50-yard target with only the 9 and 10 rings blacked, known as the "25-yard rapid-fire pistol target", 2 scores (5 shots each); 20 seconds per score.

Third stage.—Rapid fire, 25 yards—Standard American 50-yard target with only the 9 and 10 rings blacked, known as the "25-yard rapid-fire pistol target", 2 scores (5 shots each); 10 seconds per score.

17. *Positions.*—Standing without body or artificial rest; one hand only to be used.

18. *Prizes.*—The "gold cup" trophy shall be awarded to the winning team to be held until the next national matches, and to each member of the highest one-third of the teams shooting shall be awarded a medal.

A miniature of the above-named trophy shall also be awarded to the team winning the original trophy, this miniature trophy to be the permanent property of the winning team.

INDIVIDUAL MATCHES

19. *Open to.*—The national individual rifle match and the national individual pistol match are open to any citizen of the United States.

20. *Entries.*—a. Each team captain in the national rifle team match will see that entries for all members of his team desiring to enter the national individual rifle match and the national individual pistol match are properly made out and delivered to the statistical officer at one time on the special entry form provided for this purpose.

b. Individual competitors not members of regularly accredited teams may make entry in person or by mail addressed to the statistical officer, national matches, Camp Perry, Ohio.

c. Entries for these events shall be made not later than 48 hours before the beginning of each match.

21. *Elimination of competitors.*—The executive officer, at his discretion, at any time after the first stage of each match may eliminate from further participation in that match any number of competitors of lower standing in excess of a remaining number of 500 competitors.

22. *Status of individual competitors.*—See paragraph 42, "General Regulations."

NATIONAL INDIVIDUAL RIFLE MATCH

23. *Course of fire.*—The course of fire and rules in regard to arms and ammunition are the same as for the national rifle team match.

24. *Prizes.*—The "Daniel Boone" trophy shall be awarded to the winner, to be held until the next national matches.

The William Randolph Hearst Trophy shall be awarded to the high Reserve Officers' Training Corps student.

a. To each of the 15 competitors, not distinguished marksmen, making the highest aggregate scores, a gold medal.

b. To each of the 25 competitors, not distinguished marksmen, making the next highest aggregate scores, a silver medal.

c. To each of the 100 competitors, not distinguished marksmen, making the next highest aggregate scores, a bronze medal.

Provided, That if the number of competitors starting in the national individual rifle match is less than 1,000, the total number of medals will be 1 for each 10 competitors, disregarding fractions, exclusive of distinguished marksmen; the gold, silver, and bronze medals to be in the ratio given above.

d. Distinguished marksmen will be placed according to their respective scores among the above medal winners. Only one medal of each class will be awarded any medal winner regardless of the year in which won. When one medal of any class (gold, silver, or bronze) has been issued, a medal winner will thereafter be issued an appropriate bar in lieu of a medal.

A miniature of the "Daniel Boone" trophy shall also be awarded to the individual winning the original trophy, this miniature trophy to be the permanent property of the winner.

25. *Qualification badges.*—An appropriate badge representing qualification in the Regular Army course will be issued to all civilians who qualify as expert rifleman, sharpshooter, or marksman in the national individual rifle match. In case any competitors are eliminated from firing the 1,000-yard stage, the 1,000-yard stage will not be counted in the computation of qualifying scores for expert rifleman, sharpshooter, and marksman. These qualifying scores will be expert rifleman, 170; sharpshooter, 154; marksman, 140. In case no competitors are eliminated from firing the 1,000-yard stage, the qualifying scores will be expert rifleman, 255; sharpshooter, 230; marksman, 210.

All civilians, including members of the Reserve Officers' Training Corps and Citizens' Military Training Camps, will obtain their insignia from the Director of Civilian Marksmanship.

CITIZENS' MILITARY CHAMPIONSHIP MATCH

26. *Open to.*—All citizens of the United States, except members of the Regular services.

27. *Course and conditions.*—The conditions as to the course of fire and rules as to arms and ammunition to be the same as for the national individual rifle match.

28. *Entry not required.*—This match to be fired in conjunction with the national individual rifle match. Scores made in the national individual rifle match to be counted for prizes in this match.

29. *Prizes.*—To the 10 highest competitors, gold medals. To the next highest 15 competitors, silver medals.

NATIONAL INDIVIDUAL PISTOL MATCH

30. *Course of fire.*—The course of fire and rules in regard to arms and ammunition are the same as for the national pistol team match.

31. *Prizes.*—The "Custer" trophy shall be awarded to the winner, to be held until the next national matches, and—

a. To each of the 12 competitors, not distinguished pistol shots, making the highest aggregate scores, a gold medal.

b. To each of the 24 competitors, not distinguished pistol shots, making the next highest aggregate scores, a silver medal.

c. To each of the 36 competitors, not distinguished pistol shots, making the next highest aggregate scores, a bronze medal.

d. Distinguished pistol shots shall be placed according to their respective scores among the above medal winners. Only one medal of each class shall be awarded any medal winner, regardless of the year in which won. When one medal of any class (gold, silver, or bronze) has been issued,

a medal winner will thereafter be issued an appropriate bar in lieu of a medal.

A miniature of the "Custer" trophy shall also be awarded to the individual winning the original trophy, this miniature trophy to be the permanent property of the winner.

32. *Elimination of competitors.*—The executive officer may, in his discretion, and by such standards as he may prescribe, eliminate competitors after each stage of the national individual pistol match.

33. *Qualification badges.*—An appropriate badge representing qualifications in the Regular Army course will be issued to all civilians who qualify as pistol expert, pistol sharpshooter, or pistol marksman in the national individual pistol match. Qualifying scores: Pistol expert, 240; pistol sharpshooter, 225; pistol marksman, 210. All civilians, including members of the Reserve Officers' Training Corps and Citizens' Military Training Camps, will obtain their insignia from the Director of Civilian Marksmanship.

INFANTRY MATCH

34. *Open to.*—Teams consisting of team captain, 6 riflemen, and 1 automatic rifleman, selected from the 14 eligibles on each national match team.

Entry of Service, National Guard, and Organized Reserve teams will be compulsory. Other teams optional. Each branch of the service may enter 1 or more teams.

Full details of this match will be announced in a separate bulletin.

The problem will involve fire and movement.

ARMS AND AMMUNITION—RIFLE MATCHES

35. *Arm.*—Rifle, United States, caliber .30, M1903, having not less than 3-pound trigger pull, equipped with either the old service model stock or the pistol grip, type C, modified stock, with the knurled head cocking piece with either regular or reversed lock. The headless cocking piece will be permitted with service rifles when used with telescopic sights. It will be permitted in rifles of a commercial manufacture when these rifles are designed for a headless cocking piece. Modification of the rifle to permit the use of the telescopic sight or receiver sight is permitted.

36. *Rifles available.*—National match type rifles, current model, furnished by the Ordnance Department, will be made available upon arrival of teams and individuals participating in the matches, under rules and regulations announced by the executive officer thereof.

Such necessary orders and instructions regarding the issue of arms and equipment to, and return thereof by, all teams and individuals attending national matches as are necessary to provide adequate protection to the United States will be published by the executive officer of the national matches.

37. *Changing arms.*—No two competitors will fire in the national matches with the same rifle. No competitor will change his rifle during any competition unless his first piece has become unserviceable through accident. Such contingency will be verified by a range official. Violation of this rule will be a just cause for exclusion from the competition.

38. *Ammunition.*—Ammunition selected for the national matches will be issued by the ordnance officer, national matches, to the competitors at the firing points for practice and for use in the rifle matches. No other ammunition than this will be used in the national individual rifle and national rifle team matches.

ARMS AND AMMUNITION—PISTOL MATCHES

39. *Arm.*—Pistol, United States, caliber .45, M1911 or M1911 A1, having not less than 4-pound trigger pull, as issued by ordnance officer, national matches, or the same type and caliber of pistol as manufactured by Colt Patent Fire Arms Co., privately owned, which may be equipped with front and rear sights similar in design to the issue sights, though different in dimension. The notch of the rear sight may be rectangular.

40. *Ammunition.*—Ammunition selected for the national matches will be issued by the ordnance officer, national matches, to the competitors at the firing points for practice and for use in the pistol matches. No other ammunition

than this will be used in the national individual pistol and national pistol team matches.

41. *Changing arms.*—No competitor will change his pistol during any competition unless his first piece has become unserviceable through accident. Such contingency will be verified by a range official. Violation of this rule will be a just cause for exclusion from the competition.

GENERAL REGULATIONS—APPLICABLE TO ALL MATCHES

42. *General.*—The executive officer may, in his discretion, in order to operate the range efficiently, change the order of fire of the several stages of any match.

Retired officers and retired enlisted men of the Regular services shall be classified as "service" individuals.

A civilian competitor is one who is without any military or naval affiliation whatsoever, either Regular, National Guard, or Reserve. (See exception in par. 15f.) Members of the Reserve Officers' Training Corps and trainees of the Citizens' Military Training Camps will be classified as civilians.

A competitor, either an individual or a team shooting member or alternate, can have but a single status. (See exception in par. 15f.) If he belongs to the Regular services he can compete only in such status and in the arm or service to which he actually belongs. Members of the Regular services who hold Reserve commissions will be permitted to shoot in their regular status only.

Any competitor reporting in any but his proper status as set forth above will be ineligible to compete, and a team shall be disqualified in any match in which any of its specified members have so entered in a false status.

43. *Competitors pay attention to score.*—Competitors must pay attention to the score as announced and recorded so that any error may be promptly investigated. The record value of any shot will not be changed after the following shot has been fired, unless some special message with reference to it is received from one of the pit officers.

44. *Competitors to sign score cards.*—Competitors must sign the score card in individual matches and team captains must sign the score card in team matches.

45. *Competitors may be required to score, mark targets, or act as range officers.*—Any competitor who is detailed to perform any of these duties and fails to do so in a satisfactory manner to the executive officer will forfeit his right to compete in that match and, in the discretion of the executive officer, be debarred during the remainder of the matches from further participation in any match or any practice.

46. *In team matches teams may be required to furnish scorers for teams firing on adjacent targets.* Members of a team may perform this duty in turn.

47. *Team representatives in the pits.*—In the national rifle team match each team will furnish a team representative for duty in the pits. The team representatives shall assemble at the times and places ordered. They will be sent to the pits before the assignment of targets is made to teams. They will be assigned to targets without regard to the assignments at the firing points. They will be subject to the orders of the range officers on duty in the pits and will make with a pencil, before each shot is marked or pasted, a small circle around each shot hole. They will call any irregularity or question of doubt to the attention of the range officer on duty in the pit, and the range officer's decision shall be final.

48. *Competitors present punctually.*—Competitors must be present at the firing points punctually at the time or in the order stated on their score cards. In team matches only the first pair need be present at the hour set for firing to begin. No application on the part of a competitor for an alteration of his assignment will be entertained, except that in team matches team captains may change the order of firing of the members of their teams if they so desire.

The squads of competitors will be stationed on the benches in rear of the firing point where each competitor must remain until called by the score keeper or range officer to take his position at the firing point.

49. *Competitors in rear of firing points.*—No one except the officials of the range, the competitors on the firing points,

and scorers and others on duty will be permitted in front of the benches without special permission of the officer in charge, except that in team matches when coaching is permitted a coach may take his place on the line and between the men of the pair firing. He cannot shift his position nor shift the position of the men of the pair firing for the purpose of forming a windshield for the firer. He must confine himself to the normal position of a coach and his activities to those normally expected of a coach. The coach will not assist the firer in any manner in loading his piece.

The team captain and one assistant may be seated in front of the line of benches but not in advance of the line of scorers. The team captain may coach, but only if he withdraws his coach from the line or is himself actually on the line as coach. No expressions must be uttered loud enough to be heard at the firing point.

50. *Competitors called in advance.*—In slow-fire stages of individual matches the competitor next to fire will be called to the firing point when the competitor firing has five remaining shots to fire. A competitor failing to answer when his name is called and then promptly to take position at the firing point will forfeit his right to fire, provided the time shown on his score card for him to appear has passed. The next competitors present assigned to the target then in order have the option of entering immediately or of waiting until their scheduled time.

51. *Time limit.*—In individual slow fire, competitors may fire with the deliberation they deem necessary, provided that the time limit allowed for one relay at the particular range is not exceeded.

Competitors will take their places promptly on the firing line. Time will begin when they are ready to fire. However not more than 3 minutes will be allowed for preparation.

In individual slow-fire matches it is impracticable to keep an accurate check on the time allowance used by the firer and the target operator in the pit. In the absence of specific protest to the range officer by the firer prior to the completion of the score, and in ample time to enable the range officer to check the time used by each, it will be assumed that the target is being satisfactorily operated. If protest is made by the firer, the range officer will check the time used by the firer and by the target operator and make such decision and adjustments as in his judgment are warranted. The firer may appeal from the decision of the range officer to the chief range officer, whose decision shall be final, except on written appeal to the executive officer submitted to the statistical officer before 9 p. m. of the day of the occurrence.

The time for a relay begins at the time stated on the original score card. If the time stated on the original and duplicate score cards does not agree, adjustment will be made by the statistical officer and the chief range officer.

52. *Time limits.* The time limit for slow-fire rifle competitions is one minute per shot at ranges up to and including 600 yards. At ranges over 600 yards the time limit is one and a half minutes per shot.

In rapid fire the time limit at 200 yards is one minute for ten shots, the competitor to be in a standing position when the target starts to appear.

At 300 yards the time limit is one minute ten seconds for ten shots, the competitor to be in a standing position when the target starts to appear.

In team matches a total team time is allotted for each stage. The time is arrived at by adding the total number of shots at each stage, computing the time as indicated above, and adding three minutes for each change of relays.

The time will be taken from the command to "Commence firing" to the firing of the last shot required at each range; no time credit will be carried back from one range to another. When the firing of a stage is to be interrupted by an intermission, the executive officer may decide what portion of the competitors will fire before the intermission and may assign the time proportionately.

53. *Extensions of time.*—If an accident to the target, difficulty in operating the same, or any other reason over

which the competitor or team has no control causes delay, such time credit as the range officer may decide will be allowed and immediately entered on the scoreboard and score card, the effect of which will be to extend the time limit by that amount.

54. *Shots fired after expiration of time scored misses.*—All shots fired after expiration of the time limit will be recorded as marked, but circles shall be drawn around any such shots, and notation shall be made on the score card of such shots as may be fired after the expiration of the time limit, and such shots shall be considered as having been misses.

55. *Loading arms.*—No arms shall be loaded except at the firing point, the muzzle of the rifle or pistol being kept in the direction of the target until the arm is either discharged or unloaded. When not at the firing point and in the act of firing, rifles shall be carried at all times with chambers open. When not at the firing point and in the act of firing, pistols will have their magazines withdrawn and the slides pulled back.

56. *Drawing targets.*—In the national rifle team matches targets will be drawn for each half day's firing or whenever firing has been interrupted and the pits unsealed. This drawing will take place in rear of the center target of the first range in the order of fire for the particular half day, one-half hour before the time set for firing to begin. The team captain or his representative will be present and draw for his team. In all other team matches targets will be assigned by lot in advance by the statistical officer and the assignment announced at the firing point of the first range 15 minutes before the time set for firing to begin. The drawing of targets will not take place nor the assignment of targets announced until after all parties who are to enter the pits have passed out of sight behind the butts.

57. *Coaching.*—In team matches coaching by any member of the team will be permitted.

58. *Gun sling, pads, gloves, positions, etc.*—a. The gun sling may be used at all ranges, except 200 yards standing, as an auxiliary to steady the piece, in connection with one arm only. No knot will be tied in the sling and the sling itself will not be added to or modified except that an empty cartridge case or small article that does not mutilate the sling in any way may be used between the keepers for the purpose of adjustment. The use of a hook or small roll on the sleeve of a shooting coat or shirt to keep the sling in place on the arm is prohibited.

b. Pads of moderate size and thickness may be worn on both elbows, on the right or left shoulder, and on the right or left upper arm. Shoulder pads so designed as to aid materially in retaining the rifle butt in the firing position against the shoulder are prohibited. Pads of such size or thickness as to form artificial support are prohibited.

c. No gloves may be worn which in any way form an artificial support.

d. The authorized positions are standing, kneeling, sitting, and prone, and are defined as follows:

(1) *Standing.*—Erect on both feet. No other portion of the body receiving artificial support.

The gun sling may not be used, and shall be adjusted to what is known as the "parade" position.

The forward hand shall be extended, so that the arm will be entirely free from touching or resting against the body. Including the sling within the grasp shall be optional.

(2) *Kneeling.*—Weight of body supported on right knee and foot and left foot, or left knee and foot and right foot; no other part of the body to touch the ground.

Sitting on the side of the foot instead of the heel will be permitted.

The rifle will be supported by both hands and one shoulder only. The point of the elbow supporting the piece will be approximately on or just inside the point of the knee.

The elbow of the hand engaged in operating the trigger must be free from all support.

(3) *Sitting.*—Weight of the body supported on buttocks and feet. No other portion of the body to touch the ground.

Rifle to be supported by both hands and one shoulder only.

The left hand (or in the case of a left-handed shooter, the right hand) must not rest on leg or knee.

Elbows resting approximately on or just inside the point of the knee.

Legs to be apart or crossed at the option of the firer.

(4) *Prone*.—Body extended on the ground, head toward the target. No portion of the arms below the elbow shall rest on the ground or any artificial support.

e. The method of assuming any position will be optional with the firer.

f. The making or use of elbow holes is prohibited.

59. *Field glasses and wind flags*.—a. *Field glasses, use of*.—Competitors may use field glasses or telescopes. They may also use a watch, a micrometer, small individual score book, pencil, and shooting bag.

b. *Wind flags*.—For purposes of instruction in practice and in the matches, two streamers will be put up over each target pit. The executive officer of the matches is authorized to lower these flags during the Infantry match.

60. *Challenges*.—If a competitor desires to challenge his shot just fired for alleged incorrect marking, he must pay a fee of one dollar to the range officer.

The range officer will receive the dollar, go to the telephone, call the pit officer on the target and say "Re-mark Target No. —, it is challenged."

The pit officer will call the nearest available pit officer and both will carefully recheck the target and cause it to be re-marked. If the competitor's challenge is sustained and it is shown that the marking is incorrect, the money will be returned to him immediately; otherwise it is forfeited. Repeated challenges of the same shot are not permitted.

In no case will the value of a hit be changed after the next shot has been fired except by a message from a pit officer in charge of the target.

Range officers will deliver all challenge money collected to the chief range officer before leaving the range. The chief range officers will deliver all challenge money to the executive officer who in the case of the National Rifle Association matches will deliver it to the National Rifle Association.

If a competitor desires to challenge the correctness of any official bulletin, he must pay one dollar to the chief statistical officer. If the challenge of the competitor is sustained and it is decided that the bulletin in question is incorrect, the money will be returned to him immediately, otherwise, the money paid will be forfeited and will be disposed of as directed by the executive officer.

If for any reason a competitor's target is not re-marked when challenged, his money will be returned to him immediately and will not be permitted to fire over.

61. *Protests*.—Protests and objections must not be directly submitted to the executive officer but to the range officers of the firing point concerned. In case a competitor considers the decision of the latter unwarranted by the facts presented, he may appeal to the chief range officer and then to the executive officer, in writing, before 9 p. m. of the day of the occurrence. Appeals from the decisions of the executive officer must be made in writing and forwarded through that officer to the appeals board, which will consist of those members of the National Board for the Promotion of Rifle Practice, not less than 3 in number, who are present at the national matches at the time of the protest. The decisions of this appeals board will be final.

62. *Ammunition, unauthorized*.—Any competitor having any ammunition in his belt or about his person when he takes his place at the firing stand, other than that authorized, may be immediately debarred.

63. *Firing, unauthorized*.—No firing except at the targets in prescribed competition or practice will be allowed. Any violation of this rule will disqualify the offending competitor for the period of the matches.

64. *Piece, unserviceable*.—An unserviceable or disabled piece is a rifle or pistol which is pronounced by a range official as unsuitable for match competition.

65. *Cartridge, defective*.—A defective cartridge is one which bears the mark of the firing pin on the primer and which, when tried under the direction of a range officer in the same rifle, still remains unfired.

TIES

66. *Ties in the national individual rifle match* will be decided—

a. By the highest score at the longest range.

b. By the highest score at the next longest range, etc.

67. *At any range ties* will be decided—

a. By the fewest misses.

b. By the fewest hits of the lowest value.

c. By the fewest hits of the next lowest value, etc.

d. In slow fire, by the inverse order of the hits, counting singly from the last to the first.

e. If still a tie, the competitors concerned will fire single shots until the tie is broken.

68. *Ties in the national rifle team match* will be decided—

a. By the team aggregate at the longest range.

b. By the team aggregate at the next longest range, etc.

c. By the fewest misses.

d. By the fewest hits of lowest value.

e. By the fewest hits of next lowest value, etc.

f. If still a tie, the team with misses or with hits of lowest value at the longest range will be outranked.

69. *Ties in the national individual pistol match* will be decided—

a. By the highest score at rapid fire.

b. By the highest score at timed fire.

c. By the highest score at slow fire.

At any stage ties will be decided—

a. By the fewest misses.

b. By the fewest hits of lowest value.

c. By the fewest hits of next lowest value, etc.

d. If still a tie, in slow fire, by the inverse order of shots, counting singly, from the last to the first.

70. *Ties in the national pistol team match* will be decided—

a. By the highest team aggregate at rapid fire.

b. By the highest team aggregate at timed fire.

c. By the highest team aggregate at slow fire.

At any stage ties in team matches will be decided—

a. By the fewest misses.

b. By the fewest hits of lowest value.

c. By the fewest hits of next lowest value, etc.

71. *Penalties*.—a. Any person, whether a competitor or not, interfering with any of the firers, or annoying them in any way, will be warned to desist, and if he repeats the offense he will at once be ordered off the range.

b. Any competitor—

(1) Who shall fire in a name other than that under which he entered, or who shall fire twice for the same prize, or

(2) Who shall be guilty of any conduct considered by the executive officer to be discreditable, or

(3) Who shall be guilty of falsifying his score or being accessory thereto, or

(4) Who shall offer a bribe of any kind to any employee or other person, or

(5) Who shall be detected in an evasion of the conditions prescribed for the conducting of any match, or

(6) Who shall refuse to obey any instructions of the executive officer or a range officer, or

(7) Who shall be guilty of disorderly conduct or of being intoxicated,

shall, upon the offense being proved to the satisfaction of the executive officer, be disqualified from competing in the matches and shall not be entitled to have any prize won by him at the time of the competition awarded him.

72. *Badges and medals awarded by National Board*.—Distribution of medals and qualification insignia won in the national rifle and pistol matches for which are awarded the national trophies, medals, and other badges will be made at the office of the National Board for the Promotion of Rifle Practice at the national matches during the time such office

is open at Camp Perry, Ohio, and thereafter at that office in Washington, D. C., with which all correspondence concerning such medals and other badges will be conducted. Any person applying for a medal or badge at the office of the National Board for the Promotion of Rifle Practice in either place, before receiving it, must be identified both as to himself and his signature.

73. *Strength of Rifle teams.*—The strength of authorized rifle teams at National Matches, 1937, is fixed as follows:

a. *Service teams.*—One team captain, 1 team coach, 10 principals, 2 alternates; total 14.

b. *National Guard teams.*—One team captain, 1 team coach, 10 principals, 2 alternates; total 14.

c. *Organized Reserves teams.*—One team captain, 1 team coach, 10 principals, 2 alternates; total 14.

d. *Reserve Officers' Training Corps and Citizens' Military Training Camps teams.*—One team captain, 10 principals, 2 alternates, 1 coach to be an officer of the Regular Army; total 14.

e. *Civilian teams.*—One team captain, 1 team coach, 10 principals, 2 alternates; total 14. The coach may be selected from any source whatever. If selected from a class other than civilian, he cannot be a shooting member of the team.

74. *Pay, allowances, travel, and subsistence.*—a. Members of authorized rifle teams as listed in paragraph 6b of this bulletin will receive pay, allowances, and travel for the period while attending the national matches. This period will include the time consumed in traveling the shortest usually traveled route from their homes to Camp Perry, Ohio, and return to their homes.

b. The enlisted members of the rifle teams listed in paragraph 6b of this bulletin will be entitled to a subsistence allowance of \$1.50 per day while traveling from their homes to Camp Perry, Ohio, and return to their homes, and while at the national matches to \$1.20 per day for not to exceed 21 days from August 22 to September 11, 1937.

c. The members of the rifle teams listed in paragraph 6c of this bulletin will be entitled to travel including subsistence at the rate of 5 cents per mile while en route from their homes to Camp Perry, Ohio, and return. While participating in the national matches, they will be entitled to a subsistence allowance of \$1.20 per day for not to exceed 21 days from August 22 to September 11, 1937.

d. The members of rifle teams listed in paragraph 6a of this bulletin will be entitled to travel from points of tryout to Camp Perry, Ohio, and from Camp Perry to their home stations upon completion of the matches. Subsistence allowance for enlisted men while traveling will be at the rate of \$1.50 per day. While participating in the national matches enlisted members of these teams will be entitled to subsistence allowances at the rate of \$1.20 per day for not to exceed 21 days from August 22 to September 11, 1937.

SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS TO SCORERS AND THEIR DUTIES

75. *Scoring.*—Scorers at mid and long ranges will be supplied with field glasses.

76. *Scorers must confine their language to their strict duties.*—They must not enter into disputes with competitors or others. If any question arises, the scorer promptly calls: "Range officer number -----", stating the number of his target.

77. *In individual matches* as soon as he receives the score cards, the scorer will enter on the scoreboard the names of all competitors in the order of the relays, placing the number of the relay before each name and leaving blank spaces on the scoreboard when there are vacancies in the relays.

78. *Team and individual competitions.*—a. In team competitions two competitors will occupy a firing point and fire alternately on the target, the competitor on the right firing first. A shot fired out of turn shall be scored a miss. When in his opinion it is necessary, a range officer may require a left-handed firer to be on the left of a pair.

b. In individual competitions 1 competitor may be required to complete his score before the next competitor begins to fire, or 2 competitors may be required to occupy

a single firing point and fire alternately, the competitor on the right firing first.

79. *In team matches* the scorer will enter on the scoreboard the names of the members of the team in the order in which the team captain desires that the competitors fire and will change this order at any time at the request of the team captain.

80. *When a competitor is not present* when it is his turn to fire, or when his name is called, or when competitors arrive after their relays are due and have been called, the scorer will report the fact to the range officer.

81. *When a competitor finishes his string*, the scorer places the total on the scoreboard and announces thus "(Title, name); total score, 92." He then enters the total on the score card, signs it, and in individual matches exhibits it to the competitor who will verify and sign the card in the space provided.

82. *When a competitor is going to and leaving the firing point*, if the chamber of his rifle is closed, the scorer will require him to open the bolt.

83. *If a scorer or a competitor desires a target disked, redisked, or reexamined*, the scorer must call the range officer.

84. *A scorer is not permitted to make any erasures, corrections, or changes on the score card.* If a correction is necessary, it must be made and initialed by the range officer who signs the card.

85. *Scores on the blackboard must not be erased* without orders from a range officer. The scores must be exhibited to public view during the continuation of the match or until the range is closed.

86. *The scorer writes upon the scoreboard* the value of each hit as soon as he announces it, and then, unless the shot is challenged, he enters it upon the score card.

87. *Upon the completion of the scores at any range*, score cards should be verified, signed, and collected by the range officers and by them delivered to the range statistical officer at the earliest practicable moment.

88. *Care must be taken to enter the slow-fire scores* in exactly the order in which the shots were fired because ties are decided by order of the hits.

89. *In slow fire, if more than one hit is found on the same target after a competitor has just fired from the firing point assigned to that target*, that competitor will receive the highest value, and no record will be made of the other hits.

90. *In slow fire the score is announced thus:* "(Title, name); first shot for record a 5."

91. *In rapid fire the score is announced, for example, thus:* "Target number ----- (title, name), 1 five, 2 fives, 3 fives, 4 fives, 5 fives; 1 four, 2 fours, 1 three, 1 two, 1 miss." The score is recorded on the blackboard in the same fashion as in slow fire.

92. *When a target is marked the scorer must announce the score* in a tone sufficiently loud to be heard by the firer and the bystanders.

The firer may request that the scoreboard be turned so he can verify the correctness of his score as the shots are recorded. No alteration will be made in the recorded score after a succeeding shot has been fired except on notification from the pit.

93. *When a competitor has fired and the target has not been pulled*, the scorer may call to the telephone, "Mark number -----", but must call the range officer when a message to disk, redisk, reexamine, or any other message is to be telephoned.

94. *When the target is improperly operated or in case of a misfire, disabled piece, or any other unusual occurrence*, the scorer will promptly report the facts to the range officer.

95. *All shots fired count.*—All shots fired by the competitor after he has taken his piece at the firing point will be considered in his score, even if his piece is not directed toward the target or is accidentally discharged.

No exception to this rule may be made for any reason except as provided in paragraph 96. A shot fired out of

turn shall be scored a miss. A shot fired by a competitor after taking his place upon the firing line and before the order "commence firing" is scored a miss.

96. *Target withdrawn while firing.*—In slow fire, if the target is withdrawn from the firing position just as the shot is fired, the scorer at that firing point will at once report the fact to the range officer, who, if satisfied upon investigation that the case is as represented, will direct that the shot fired be not considered, that the competitor fire another shot, and that credit be given for time lost.

97. *Hits on the wrong target* are scored as misses.

98. *In rapid fire any unfired cartridges count as misses*, except that in case of a defective cartridge or a disabled piece the score is not recorded and another string may be fired.

99. *In rapid fire, if a competitor fires less than the prescribed number of shots* through his own fault, and there should be more hits marked on his target than he fired shots, he shall be scored the number of shots of highest value equal to the number he fired and a miss for each unfired cartridge.

100. *If in rapid fire there are more than the proper number of hits on a target*, the score is not recorded and another string is fired, except that if all the hits are of equal value the competitor assigned to that target shall be scored with 10 hits. See paragraph 120.

101. *In an individual match when a competitor has made a possible record score in slow fire* he will continue to fire until he has made a hit with less than the highest value. Each extra shot will be scored on the board and on the face of the score card, beginning under the first record shot.

102. *Use of the telephone.*—a. Messages on the telephone must be brief and explicit.

b. "Mark" a target means that the firer at the firing point has fired and the target has not been pulled.

c. "Disk" or "redisk" a target means that the target must be disked or redisked without being pulled. It is not necessary to call the pit officer to the target.

103. *During matches no communications will be transmitted to the pit* from anyone except range officers or other officers of the match, except that scorers may send messages to mark a target, but not to disk or redisk.

104. *Use of the telephone must be confined strictly to necessary business.*—No other conversation or information of any kind whatsoever is permitted.

SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS TO MARKERS AND THEIR DUTIES

105. *Pistol fire.*—In pistol fire, using pits, in order to prevent the markers from knowing who is firing, the name of the competitor is omitted and the number of his target will be called, thus: "Target number -----, fifth shot a 10."

106. *All targets will be operated single-target fashion.*—If the same kind of a target is used on the rear carrier as a counterbalance, it will be faced to the rear.

107. *A shot hole whose leaded edge comes in contact with the outside of bull's-eye or figure or the rings or lines of a target* receives the higher value as if it had struck inside the line.

108. *Ricochets.*—A hole made by a ricochet bullet does not count as a hit and will be marked and scored as a miss. A bullet that keyholes is not necessarily a ricochet. If there is doubt as to whether a hole is caused by a ricochet bullet, the pit officer must be called.

109. *A target is said to be at "half-mast"* when the front and rear targets are at the same heights, or if there is a counterbalance instead of a target on the rear carrier when the bull's-eye or figure is opposite the marker's head.

110. *The firing line will notify the pits to place the targets at half-mast* when not in use, so that the markers will not be required to watch those targets. When targets are at half-mast the marker must remain at his station ready to serve the target immediately.

111. *"Secure" a target* means that the target is no longer needed for service. The target should be pulled (or placed at half-mast if double targets are on the carriers), the spotters removed, and all shot holes pasted.

112. *Use of spotters.*—In marking targets, 3-inch and 5-inch spotters will be used except that upon request of a firer a larger spotter may be used for subsequent shots.

113. *Marker must watch the target attentively.*—When the target is hit the marker pulls it down and removes the spotter from the old shot hole and places it on the new shot hole. If the hit is in or touching the bull's-eye, the white or red side of the spotter is shown. If not a 5, the black side is shown. The hole from which the spotter is removed is pasted, the target raised and disked, placing the center of the disk showing the proper value over the center of the spotter. In lieu of disks, semaphorers may be used.

114. *In slow fire if more than one hit is found on a target* spotters are placed in each hole. The hit of the highest value is signaled and the pit officer is called, who will cause a report to be telephoned to the firing line.

115. *Before a miss is signaled* the edge of the bull's eye, the rings, and the numbers are carefully examined by moving the fingers over them, and a pit officer is called to inspect the target. Red flags for signaling misses will not be provided markers, but to pit officers, who will personally signal all misses.

116. *No attempt will be made in marking misses to indicate on which side of the target* the miss was made, or whether the shot was high or low. The red disk or flag will be moved across the middle of the target in the same manner in every case.

117. *Rapid fire.*—The target is marked after each string.

118. *In matches the target will not be pasted until orders to paste are given*, so that the firing line will have an opportunity to challenge the marking.

119. *One blast of the whistle or stroke of the gong indicates "stand by"; two blasts or strokes indicate "up" or "down."*

120. *In case of more than the proper number of hits on a target* the fact will be reported to the range officer and telephoned to the firing line and the target will not be marked, unless all hits are of equal value. See paragraph 100.

121. *In diskings*, care must be taken to place the center of the disk accurately over each shot hole. Spotters are not used in rapid fire. Fives are disked first, then fours, then threes, then twos; each miss is signaled, and the target is then withdrawn. Each target is placed at half-mast as soon as it has been pasted.

OFFICIALS OF THE COMPETITION

122. *The officials of the competition shall consist of—*

- a. An executive officer and assistants.
- b. An adjutant and assistants.
- c. A quartermaster and assistants.
- d. A mess officer and assistants.
- e. A statistical officer and assistants.
- f. A chief range officer and such assistants as may be necessary.
- g. A surgeon and assistants.
- h. An ordnance officer and assistants.
- i. A signal officer.
- j. A finance officer.

The officials may be selected from the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, National Guard, Organized Reserves, or Coast Guard.

123. *The duties of the officers shall be as follows:*

a. *Executive officer.*—The executive officer will have command of the camp.

b. *Assistant executive officers.*—The assistant executive officers shall perform such duties as the executive officer may direct.

c. *Adjutant.*—The adjutant shall discharge the duties of adjutant to the executive officer.

d. *Quartermaster.*—The quartermaster shall have charge of the issue of stores and supplies of his own department to the competitors, and shall discharge such other duties as may be assigned to him by the executive officer.

e. Statistical officer.—The statistical officer will assign the competitors to targets and to order of firing. He will verify the additions of the scores as reported by the score keepers when requested, grade the scores in order of excellence, and prepare the results for official announcement.

f. Range officers.—The range officers will supervise the marking and scoring; they will see that the competitors do not evade any of the regulations, verify the scores on the score card with the blackboard and see that they agree, add up the totals, certify to the correctness of same, require the team captain or contestant to sign the card after the score has been totaled, and deliver the card or cards to the range statistical officer.

The range officer in charge of the firing point must witness any alterations of a score card and must endorse the alteration.

During the shooting of all competitions range officers shall be detailed to the pits at each distance, and shall remain in the pit until the firing at that distance is finished.

The executive officer and chief range officers will formally assemble and instruct the range officers in their duties, and the range officers shall be placed on duty during the preliminary practice for their practical instruction.

g. Surgeon.—The surgeon shall have charge of the health and sanitary conditions of the camp and rifle range, and shall perform such other duties as pertain to his profession.

h. Ordnance officer.—The ordnance officer under the direction of the executive officer, national matches, will establish and maintain the ordnance depot, national matches, from which all issues and sales shall be made under existing regulations. He shall make timely requisitions for all supplies not previously requisitioned by the executive officer, National Board for the Promotion of Rifle Practice, and will maintain such records of transactions as will permit of rendering timely reports for use in settlement of accounts between the Ordnance Department and the National Board for the Promotion of Rifle Practice.

The ordnance officers assigned as technical advisers will perform such duties as are delegated or assigned by the executive officer, national matches.

i. Signal officer.—The signal officer shall have charge of the electrical equipment of the range and of the property of the Signal Corps.

j. Finance officer.—The finance officer shall have charge of all receipts, disbursements, and accounts, and render the necessary reports and returns, and perform such other duties as the executive officer shall direct.

124. *Requests for information* in regard to the rules and conduct of the matches should be addressed to "Executive Officer, National Board for the Promotion of Rifle Practice, War Department, Washington, D. C." [A. G. 353.3 (3-25-37).]

BY ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF WAR:

MALIN CRAIG,
Chief of Staff.

OFFICIAL:

E. T. CONLEY,
Major General,
The Adjutant General.

[SEAL]

FRANK C. BURNETT,
Brigadier General, Acting The Adjutant General.

[F. R. Doc. 37-1764; Filed, June 14, 1937; 9:51 a. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.

Division of Grazing.

COLORADO GRAZING DISTRICT No. 3

Correction

In Federal Register Document 37-1658, filed, June 5, 1937, at 9:30 a. m., and appearing on Page 1166 of the issue for Tuesday, June 8, 1937, the land description reading:

T. 46 N., R. 7 E., secs. 4 to 11 inclusive, 13 to 36 inclusive; should read:

T. 45 N., R. 7 E., secs. 4 to 11 inclusive, 13 to 36 inclusive;

Division of Territories and Island Possessions.

[I. C. C. No. 233]

THE ALASKA RAILROAD

LOCAL PASSENGER TARIFF NO. 197¹

Naming One Way and Round Trip Fares between Anchorage and Palmer, Alaska

Issued under authority of Rule 52 Interstate Commerce Commission Tariff Circular No. 18-A.

Issued May 19, 1937. Effective May 29, 1937. Authority: Act of March 12, 1914, and Executive Order No. 3861. Issued by: O. F. Ohlson, General Manager, Anchorage, Alaska, June 8, 1937.

The above is hereby confirmed.

RUTH HAMPTON,
Assistant Director.

GENERAL RULES AND REGULATIONS

1. *Stations from and to which this tariff applies:* This tariff applies between Anchorage, Alaska, and Palmer, Alaska, only.

2. *Dates of sale:* Daily.

3. *Limits:* Final return limit will be forty-eight (48) hours after date of sale.

4. *Fares:* \$1.50 for the one-way fare, and \$2.50 for the round trip.²

5. *Stopovers:* Stopovers will not be permitted in either direction on tickets sold under this tariff.

6. *Tickets:* Use Form L-2-2 round trip tickets reading Palmer to Anchorage and return, Form L-2-0 round trip tickets reading Anchorage to Palmer and return, and Form L-4 tickets for the one-way trip in either direction. Tickets sold under this tariff will not be good on main-line trains between Anchorage and Matanuska.

7. *Children:* Tickets may be sold at one-half the fares named herein for children five years of age and under twelve years of age. Children under five years of age will be carried free when accompanied by parent or guardian.

8. *Baggage:* For baggage rules including free allowance, excess charges, etc., see Local Baggage Tariff No. 2, I. C. C. No. 22 (Alaskan Engineering Commission Series), supplements thereto and reissues thereof. Excess baggage charges will be made on basis of the one-way fares shown in Local Passenger Tariff No. 42-B, I. C. C. No. 177, supplements thereto and reissues thereof.

9. *Tickets non-transferable:* All tickets sold at fares named herein are non-transferable and will be valid only for transportation of passenger for whom originally purchased.

[F. R. Doc. 37-1757; Filed, June 12, 1937; 9:30 a. m.]

Office of Indian Affairs.

GRAZING REGULATIONS FOR THE NAVAJO AND HOPÍ RESERVATIONS

Authority.—The Secretary of the Interior has the authority to regulate the grazing of livestock on tribal lands within Indian reservations so as to prevent overgrazing and the destruction of the soil through erosion. The following statutory authority is cited:

Act of June 30, 1834 (4 Stat., 738); 25 U. S. C. 9.
Act of March 3, 1849 (9 Stat., 395); R. S. Sec. 441; 5 U. S. C. 485.

Act of March 3, 1865 (13 Stat., 563); 25 U. S. C. 192.
Act of July 4, 1884 (Sec. 1) (23 Stat., 94); 25 U. S. C. 195.
Act of August 15, 1894, Sec. 1 (28 Stat., 305); 25 U. S. C. 402.

Act of June 30, 1919 (41 Stat., 9); R. S. Sec. 2138; 25 U. S. C. 214.

Act of February 15, 1929 (45 Stat., 1185); 25 U. S. C. 231.

¹ No supplement will be issued to this tariff except for the purpose of cancelling the tariff.

² Reduction.

The General Grazing Regulations approved on December 28, 1935, by the Assistant Secretary of the Interior, authorized the Commissioner of Indian Affairs to regulate the grazing of livestock on Indian lands under conditions set forth therein. In accordance with this authority and that of the Grazing Committee of the Navajo Tribal Council acting in accordance with a resolution of the Navajo Tribal Council dated November 24, 1936, the grazing of livestock on the Navajo and Hopi Reservations shall be governed by the following regulations.

Objectives.—It is the purpose of these regulations to aid the Navajo and Hopi Indians in the achievement of the following objectives:

1. The preservation of the forage, the land, and the water resources on the Navajo and Hopi Indian Reservations, and the building up of those resources where they have deteriorated.
2. The protection of the interests of the Navajo and Hopi Indians from the encroachment of unduly aggressive and anti-social individuals who may or may not be members of the tribe.
3. The adjustment of the livestock numbers to the carrying capacity of the range in such a manner that the total economy of the tribe will be preserved.
4. The improvement of livestock through better breeding practices, the establishment of buck pastures and the maintenance of a sound culling policy.

Regulations.—The following grazing regulations are hereby made effective as of July 1, 1937, for the Navajo and Hopi Indian Reservations, including all land held in trust by the United States for the Navajo and Hopi Tribes, and all lands hereafter added to the Navajo and Hopi Reservations, but not including individually owned lands; provided, that only such part of these regulations shall be enforced on the Hopi Reservation as are not in conflict with provisions of the constitution, by-laws, and charter of the Hopi Tribe heretofore or hereafter ratified or any tribal action authorized thereunder:

1. The Commissioner of Indian Affairs shall establish land management districts within the Navajo and Hopi Indian Reservations, based upon the social and economic requirements of the Indians and the necessity of rehabilitating the grazing lands.

2. The Commissioner of Indian Affairs shall promulgate for each land management district the carrying capacity for livestock.

Instructions.—Carrying capacities shall be stated in terms of sheep units year-long, in the ratio of, mules and horses 1 to 5, cattle 1 to 4, goats 1 to 1. The latter figure in each case denotes sheep units. Animals six months of age or older shall be counted against the carrying capacity. Carrying capacities shall be determined in accordance with the methods now in use by the Navajo Service and approved by the "Inter-Agency Range Survey Committee for the Southwestern States." Grazing surveys and other land management planning concerning land used exclusively by Hopi Indians will be made by the Land Management Division of the Navajo Service. Pursuant to the Constitution of the Hopi Tribe or Section 6 of the Act of June 18, 1934, the direct responsibility for carrying out all land management plans for District Six of the combined Navajo-Hopi Reservations, as indicated on the attached map,¹ shall be that of the Superintendent of the Hopi Indians.

3. The Superintendent shall keep accurate records of ownership of all livestock.

Instructions.—In order to obtain true records of ownership, the head of each livestock-owning family group shall personally appear at the dipping vat with his or her sheep and goats, together with the sheep and goats belonging to members of his or her family group. Should the head of the family group be unable to appear personally he or she shall designate a representative to act for and in his or her behalf. The sheep and goats will be dipped and

recorded in the name of the family head, as defined in Section 8. Ownership will be established on the basis of such dipping records and of round-ups, counts, and other methods for determining the true number of livestock. Grazing permits will be issued for that number of stock plus the issue of such animals, including those which exceed the six-months age during the year, which the family group will be permitted to graze during the rehabilitation period. Grazing permits issued to family heads owning sheep and goats shall include all classes of livestock. Numbers of cattle, horses, mules, and burros belonging to each family group will be determined by round-ups or other methods of counting stipulated by the Superintendent. For the purpose of maintaining accurate records of ownership, all stock will be branded or marked as the Superintendent may specify. The Superintendent shall prepare and keep current a register containing the names of all family heads using the range, the number of each kind of stock grazed, the carrying capacity of each land management district, and the periods during which grazing should be permitted in each part thereof. An annual stock census will be taken to insure that the carrying capacity is not being exceeded. Duplicate records will be kept in the offices of the District Supervisors.

4. The Superintendent shall reduce the livestock in each district to the carrying capacity of the range.

Instructions.—Necessary reductions will be made by districts. In order to make these reductions, the Superintendent should determine the total stock in each district in sheep units; calculate the total required reduction by subtracting the carrying capacity from this figure; and specify by how much each family group should reduce to accomplish this total reduction. The sale of non-productive, unserviceable and cull animals (including excess horses, scrub cattle, wether sheep and goats, and old ewes) shall be encouraged before reductions are made in breeding herds. For the purpose of effecting the widest and most equitable distribution of stock ownership and range privileges, recognized family groups will be considered as the units of ownership and reductions so far as practicable will be made so as to place the burden on those stock-owning family groups who are best able to bear the burden. To this end maximum limits and base preference numbers will be established for each land management district by the Superintendent. Reductions will be made, so far as possible, among those families having more than the maximum limit. No increases during the rehabilitation period will be permitted to any family group, except that groups owning less than the base preference number may be permitted to increase their holdings after the livestock in the district has been reduced to carrying capacity, provided there is a proportionate decrease by owners of more than the base preference number. During the rehabilitation period, no new stock-owning families or heads of families will be granted grazing permits unless warranted by unusual circumstances. (See Section 8 for definitions of terms used in this section.)

5. The Superintendent is authorized to assess and collect trespass fees and, with the consent of the tribal council of the Navajo Indians, he may also assess and collect grazing fees upon all stock owned in excess of the base preference number and upon all non-productive stock owned below the base preference number. The tribal authorities of the Hopi Indians may also assess and collect similar grazing fees in accordance with the terms of the constitution and by-laws and charter of the Hopi Indians.

Instructions.—Trespass fees which equal the value of the forage consumed, damages to property injured or destroyed, and salaries and expenses of employees incurred in investigation, report, and prosecution of the case should be sought in addition to the penalty prescribed by law for unauthorized use of the range or failure to remove a stipulated number of unpermitted stock from the range by the date specified by the Superintendent or his authorized representative. All grazing fees on the Navajo Reservation must be paid to the District Supervisor or to the Superintendent and deposited in accordance with the fiscal regulations. All grazing

¹ Not filed with Division of the Federal Register, The National Archives; available for inspection at office of Superintendent of Hopi Indians.

fees shall be payable on or before December 1st, which shall be considered as the beginning of the permit year. All grazing fees on the Hopi Reservation shall be collected and deposited in accordance with the provisions of the constitution, by-laws and charter after the organization of the Hopi Indians has been completed. Until the tribal organization has been completed the grazing fees shall be collected and deposited as on the Navajo Reservation.

6. The Superintendent shall require to be dipped, restrict the movement of, or prevent the introduction of, livestock where necessary to prevent the spread of contagious or infectious diseases or where necessary in the economic interest of the Navajo or Hopi Indians.

Instructions.—Livestock shall be dipped annually, when in the opinion of the Superintendent such dipping is necessary to prevent the spread of contagious diseases. These annual dippings shall be completed on or before September 1st of each year. Livestock may, however, be dipped at other times when necessary. No stock shall be brought on the reservations from outside without a permit from the Superintendent, in order to safeguard Indian livestock from infectious and contagious diseases and insure good quality sires and breeding stock. The Superintendent may also hold annual round-ups of cattle, horses, and mules in each district for the purpose of vaccinating, dehorning, castrating or branding.

7. The Superintendent shall regulate the fencing of range and agricultural lands.

Instructions.—Written authorization from the Superintendent or his authorized representatives must be secured before any fences are constructed. The Superintendent may require the removal of any unauthorized existing fences, if in his judgment such fences interfere with proper range management or an equitable distribution of range privileges. All inclosures fenced for the purpose of protecting agricultural land shall be kept to a size commensurate with the needs for protection of this agricultural land.

8. The Superintendent shall regulate the construction of all dwellings, corrals and other structures within one-quarter mile of government developed springs or wells.

Instructions.—Written authorization from the Superintendent or his authorized representatives must be secured before any dwellings, corrals, or other structures may be constructed within one-quarter mile of government developed springs or wells.

9. Definitions:

Family Group.—A single home economic unit, living closely associated in one or more grouped hogans or houses, which shares its livestock and agricultural income in common and recognizes one individual as the family head.

Family Head.—The person who exercises control of a family group either because of the responsibility placed on him by blood relationship, moral or economic obligations, or otherwise.

Rehabilitation Period.—That time which is required under proper range use and administration to effect range recovery great enough to make possible a readjustment of livestock numbers to a higher carrying capacity of the range.

Navajo Service.—The integrated activities of the Soil Conservation Service and the Indian Service as they apply to the Navajo and Hopi Reservations under the provisions of the "Unified Navajo Program".

Base Preference.—That number of livestock which each stock-owning family group within a district would own if the carrying capacity of the district range were equally distributed among them.

Maximum Limit.—That number of livestock to which all of the larger family groups in a district would have to reduce their herds in order to eliminate the livestock grazed in excess of the carrying capacity of the district. (See chart on page 1223 for further explanation of the meaning of this term.)

Hopi Reservation.—For the purpose of these regulations District 6, as now established by the Navajo Service, shall constitute the Hopi Reservation until such time as the

boundaries thereof are definitely determined in accordance with Article I of the Constitution and By-laws of the Hopi Tribe.

[SEAL]

JOHN COLLIER,
Commissioner of Indian Affairs.

Approved: June 2, 1937

OSCAR L. CHAPMAN,
Assistant Secretary of the Interior.

[F. R. Doc. 37-1763; Filed, June 14, 1937; 9:45 a. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

Agricultural Adjustment Administration.

[Docket No. A-48 O-48]

NOTICE OF HEARING WITH RESPECT TO PROPOSED MARKETING AGREEMENT AND PROPOSED ORDER REGULATING HANDLING OF MILK IN LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY, MARKETING AREA

Whereas, under the Agricultural Adjustment Act, as amended and as reenacted by the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, notice of hearing is required in connection with a proposed marketing agreement or a proposed order, and the General Regulations, Series A, No. 1, as amended, of the Agricultural Adjustment Administration, United States Department of Agriculture, provide for such notice; and

Whereas, the Secretary of Agriculture has reason to believe that the execution of a marketing agreement and the issuance of an order will tend to effectuate the declared policy of said act with respect to the handling of milk in the Louisville, Kentucky, Marketing Area;

Now, therefore, pursuant to the said act and said general regulations notice is hereby given of a hearing to be held on a proposed marketing agreement and a proposed order regulating the handling of milk in the Louisville, Kentucky, Marketing Area, in the Brown Hotel, Louisville, Kentucky, on July 1, 1937 at 9:30 a. m.

This public hearing is for the purpose of receiving evidence as to the general economic conditions which may necessitate regulation in order to effectuate the declared policy of the act and as to the specific provisions which a marketing agreement and order should contain.

The proposed marketing agreement and the proposed order each embodies, in similar terms, a plan for the regulation of such handling of milk in the Louisville, Kentucky, Marketing Area as is in the current of interstate commerce, or which directly burdens, obstructs or effects interstate commerce in such milk. Among other things, the proposed marketing agreement and order provide for: (a) selection of a market administrator; (b) classification of milk; (c) minimum prices; (d) payments to producers through the use of a marketwide equalization pool; (e) deductions from payments to producers for marketing services by market administrator; (f) reports of handlers; (g) expense of administration.

Copies of the proposed marketing agreement and proposed order may be inspected in or procured from the office of the Hearing Clerk, Room 0318, South Building, United States Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C.

[SEAL]

M. L. WILSON,
Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

Dated: June 14, 1937.

[F. R. Doc. 37-1765; Filed, June 14, 1937; 11:31 a. m.]

NER-B-101-Connecticut-Supplement (4) Issued June 12, 1937

1937 AGRICULTURAL CONSERVATION PROGRAM—NORTHEAST REGION

BULLETIN NO. 101—CONNECTICUT—SUPPLEMENT (4)

Pursuant to the authority vested in the Secretary of Agriculture under section 8 of the Soil Conservation and

Domestic Allotment Act, Bulletin No. 101—Connecticut, as amended by Supplements (1), (2), and (3) thereto,¹ is hereby by further amended as follows:

Part IV, "Provisions Affecting Payments", is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

SECTION 5. Multiple Farm Holdings.—If any person who has made an application for payment with respect to any diversion farm in a county has an interest as a producer in more than one farm in such county, the county committee shall investigate the 1937 cropping practices on all farms in the county in which such person has an interest as a producer. If the county committee determines that on any such farm or farms the acreage of soil-depleting crops has in 1937 been increased over the acreage normally used for the production of soil-depleting crops for the purpose of, or so as to have the effect of, offsetting any diversion from soil-depleting crops to soil-conserving crops on the farm with respect to which such application for payment is filed, the following procedure shall be followed:

(a) For each such farm in the county in which the same producer has an interest there shall be filed a work sheet, report of performance, and an application for payment. For each such farm the payment will be computed as for any individual farm.

(b) If, on any such farm, the amount of deduction, due to an excess acreage of soil-depleting crops, is larger than the amount of any payment earned for such farm, the county committee shall indicate, on each application for payment covering a farm in which such producer has an interest, that the payment for such producer shall be computed so that such deduction will be applied against any payment(s) otherwise earned by such producer on any farm(s) in the county in which he has an interest.

Done at Washington, D. C., this 12th day of June, 1937.
Witness my hand and the seal of the Department of Agriculture.

[SEAL]

M. L. WILSON,
Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

[F. R. Doc. 37-1770; Filed, June 14, 1937; 11:32 a. m.]

NER—B-101—Maine—Supplement (5) Issued June 12, 1937

1937 AGRICULTURAL CONSERVATION PROGRAM—NORTHEAST REGION

BULLETIN NO. 101—MAINE—SUPPLEMENT (5)

Pursuant to the authority vested in the Secretary of Agriculture under section 8 of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act, Bulletin No. 101—Maine, as amended by Supplements (1) to (4), inclusive,² is hereby further amended as follows:

Part IV, "Provisions Affecting Payment", is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

SECTION 7. Multiple Farm Holdings.—If any person who has made an application for payment with respect to any diversion farm in a county has an interest as a producer in more than one farm in such county, the county committee shall investigate the 1937 cropping practices on all farms in the county in which such person has an interest as a producer. If the county committee determines that on any such farm or farms the acreage of soil-depleting crops has in 1937 been increased over the acreage normally used for the production of soil-depleting crops for the purpose of, or so as to have the effect of, offsetting any diversion from soil-depleting crops to soil-conserving crops on the farm with respect to which such application for payment is filed, the following procedure shall be followed:

(a) For each such farm in the county in which the same producer has an interest there shall be filed a work sheet, report of performance, and an application for payment. For each such farm the payment will be computed as for any individual farm.

(b) If, on any such farm, the amount of deduction, due to an excess acreage of soil-depleting crops, is larger than the amount of any payment earned for such farm, the county committee shall indicate, on each application for payment covering a farm in which such producer has an interest, that the payment for such producer shall be computed so that such deduction will be applied against any payment(s) otherwise earned by such producer on any farm(s) in the county in which he has an interest.

Done at Washington, D. C., this 12th day of June, 1937.
Witness my hand and the seal of the Department of Agriculture.

[SEAL]

M. L. WILSON,
Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

[F. R. Doc. 37-1769; Filed, June 14, 1937; 11:32 a. m.]

¹ 2 F. R. 242, 404, 748, 1198.

² 2 F. R. 159, 405, 648, 1199.

NER—B-101—Massachusetts—Supplement (4) Issued June 12, 1937

1937 AGRICULTURAL CONSERVATION PROGRAM—NORTHEAST REGION

BULLETIN NO. 101—MASSACHUSETTS—SUPPLEMENT (4)

Pursuant to the authority vested in the Secretary of Agriculture under section 8 of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act, Bulletin No. 101—Massachusetts, as amended by Supplements (1) to (9), inclusive,¹ is hereby further amended as follows:

Part IV, "Provisions Affecting Payments", is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

SECTION 5. Multiple Farm Holdings.—If any person who has made an application for payment with respect to any diversion farm in a county has an interest as a producer in more than one farm in such county, the county committee shall investigate the 1937 cropping practices on all farms in the county in which such person has an interest as a producer. If the county committee determines that on any such farm or farms the acreage of soil-depleting crops has in 1937 been increased over the acreage normally used for the production of soil-depleting crops for the purpose of, or so as to have the effect of, offsetting any diversion from soil-depleting crops to soil-conserving crops on the farm with respect to which such application for payment is filed, the following procedure shall be followed:

(a) For each such farm in the county in which the same producer has an interest there shall be filed a work sheet, report of performance, and an application for payment. For each such farm the payment will be computed as for any individual farm.

(b) If, on any such farm, the amount of deduction, due to an excess acreage of soil-depleting crops, is larger than the amount of any payment earned for such farm, the county committee shall indicate, on each application for payment covering a farm in which such producer has an interest, that the payment for such producer shall be computed so that such deduction will be applied against any payment(s) otherwise earned by such producer on any farm(s) in the county in which he has an interest.

Done at Washington, D. C., this 12th day of June, 1937.
Witness my hand and the seal of the Department of Agriculture.

[SEAL]

M. L. WILSON,
Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

[F. R. Doc. 37-1767; Filed, June 14, 1937; 11:31 a. m.]

NER—B-101—New York—Supplement (6) Issued June 12, 1937

1937 AGRICULTURAL CONSERVATION PROGRAM—NORTHEAST REGION

BULLETIN NO. 101—NEW YORK—SUPPLEMENT (6)

Pursuant to the authority vested in the Secretary of Agriculture under section 8 of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act, Bulletin No. 101—New York, as amended by Supplements (1) to (5), inclusive,² is hereby further amended as follows:

Part III, "Provisions Affecting Payments", is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

SECTION 5. Multiple Farm Holdings.—If any person who has made an application for payment with respect to any diversion farm in a county has an interest as a producer in more than one farm in such county, the county committee shall investigate the 1937 cropping practices on all farms in the county in which such person has an interest as a producer. If the county committee determines that on any such farm or farms the acreage of soil-depleting crops has in 1937 been increased over the acreage normally used for the production of soil-depleting crops for the purpose of, or so as to have the effect of, offsetting any diversion from soil-depleting crops to soil-conserving crops on the farm with respect to which such application for payment is filed, the following procedure shall be followed:

(a) For each such farm in the county in which the same producer has an interest there shall be filed a work sheet, report of performance, and an application for payment. For each such farm the payment will be computed as for any individual farm.

(b) If, on any such farm, the amount of deduction, due to an excess acreage of soil-depleting crops, is larger than the amount of any payment earned for such farm, the county committee shall indicate, on each application for payment covering a farm in which such producer has an interest, that the payment for such producer shall be computed so that such deduction will be applied against any payment(s) otherwise earned by such producer on any farm(s) in the county in which he has an interest.

¹ 2 F. R. 246, 592, 748, 1200.

² 2 F. R. 309, 577, 764, 941, 1015, 1200.

Done at Washington, D. C., this 12th day of June, 1937.
Witness my hand and the seal of the Department of Agriculture.

[SEAL]

M. L. WILSON,
Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

[F. R. Doc. 37-1768; Filed, June 14, 1937; 11:32 a. m.]

NER—B-101—Pennsylvania—Supplement (10) Issued June 12, 1937
1937 AGRICULTURAL CONSERVATION PROGRAM—NORTHEAST
REGION

BULLETIN NO. 101—PENNSYLVANIA—SUPPLEMENT (10)

Pursuant to the authority vested in the Secretary of Agriculture under Section 8 of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act, Bulletin No. 101—Pennsylvania, as amended by Supplements (1) to (9), inclusive,¹ is hereby further amended as follows:

Part V, "Provisions Affecting Payment", is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

SECTION 8. *Multiple Farm Holdings.*—If any person who has made an application for payment with respect to any diversion farm in a county has an interest as a producer in more than one farm in such county, the county committee shall investigate the 1937 cropping practices on all farms in the county in which such person has an interest as a producer. If the county committee determines that on any such farm or farms the acreage of soil-depleting crops has in 1937 been increased over the acreage normally used for the production of soil-depleting crops for the purpose of, or so as to have the effect of, offsetting any diversion from soil-depleting crops to soil-conserving crops on the farm with respect to which such application for payment is filed, the following procedure shall be followed:

(a) For each such farm in the county in which the same producer has an interest there shall be filed a work sheet, report of performance, and an application for payment. For each such farm the payment will be computed as for any individual farm.

(b) If, on any such farm, the amount of deduction, due to an excess acreage of soil-depleting crops, is larger than the amount of any payment earned for such farm, the county committee shall indicate, on each application for payment covering a farm in which such producer has an interest, that the payment for such producer shall be computed so that such deduction will be applied against any payment(s) otherwise earned by such producer on any farm(s) in the county in which he has an interest.

Done at Washington, D. C., this 12th day of June, 1937.
Witness my hand and the seal of the Department of Agriculture.

[SEAL]

M. L. WILSON,
Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

[F. R. Doc. 37-1766; Filed, June 14, 1937; 11:31 a. m.]

Bureau of Animal Industry.

[Amendment 9 to B. A. I. Order 353]

AMENDMENT TO ORDER TO PREVENT THE INTRODUCTION INTO
THE UNITED STATES OF RINDERPEST AND FOOT-AND-MOUTH
DISEASE

[Effective June 11, 1937]

JUNE 11, 1937.

Under authority conferred by law upon the Secretary of Agriculture by Section 306 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (46 Stat. 590, 689), the order to prevent the introduction into the United States of rinderpest and foot-and-mouth disease (B. A. I. Order 353), dated June 1, 1935, and effective August 1, 1935, as amended, is hereby further amended by restoring the name "Great Britain" to the list of countries in said order, as I have determined that foot-and-mouth disease again exists in said country of Great Britain and I have so officially notified the Secretary of the Treasury.

Amendment 6 to B. A. I. Order 353, effective April 30, 1937,¹ is hereby revoked.

This amendment, which for purpose of identification is designated Amendment 9 to B. A. I. Order 353, shall be effective on and after June 11, 1937.

¹ 2 F. R. 312, 406, 593, 648, 749, 917, 960, 977, 1109, 1200, 1201.

² 2 F. R. 918.

Done at Washington this 11th day of June 1937.

Witness my hand and the seal of the Department of Agriculture.

[SEAL]

M. L. WILSON,
Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

[F. R. Doc. 37-1755; Filed, June 11, 1937; 3:53 p. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE.

Bureau of Marine Inspection and Navigation.

CHANGE OF NAMES OF VESSELS

Correction

Paragraph 6 of Federal Register Document 37-1660, filed, June 5, 1937, at 9:51 a. m., and appearing in the issue for Tuesday, June 8, 1937, on page 1167, should read as follows:

6. In transmitting the application the collector shall note the date and place of last inspection. In case the vessel is not usually inspected, the local inspectors are authorized to make special examinations and to furnish necessary certificate of seaworthiness.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION.

EXEMPTIONS FROM COMPLIANCE WITH RADIOTELEGRAPH INSTALLATION REQUIREMENT OF SAFETY OF LIFE AT SEA CONVENTION

The Telegraph Division at its regular meeting held June 8, 1937, ratified the Commission's action of June 5, 1937 and adopted the following order:

The Commission this day extended the exemption from the radiotelegraph installation requirement of Article 27 of the Safety of Life at Sea Convention and Section 351 (a) of Public No. 97, approved May 20, 1937, amending the Communications Act, pursuant to the provisions of Article 28 of the Convention and Section 352 (b) of Public No. 97, which was granted the Puget Sound Navigation Company on March 9, 1937, and extended on May 8, 1937, for the following vessels and voyages:

1. The S. S. *Iroquois* and S. S. *Olympic* for international voyages between Seattle, Washington, and Victoria, B. C. via Port Townsend and Port Angeles.
2. The S. S. *Quilcene*, S. S. *City of Angeles* and S. S. *Rosario* for international voyages between Anacortes, Washington, and Sydney, B. C. via Friday Harbor, San Juan Island and Orues, Orues Island.

pending further order of the Commission and in any event for a period not to exceed 30 days from the date of this order, subject to the same terms and conditions as those specified in the original order of exemption,¹ in order to enable the Commission to further consider information bearing upon the route and conditions of the voyages in question.

By order of the commission, Telegraph Division.

[SEAL]

T. J. SLOWIE, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 37-1762; Filed, June 14, 1937; 9:45 a. m.]

FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION.

*United States of America—Before Federal Trade
Commission*

At a regular session of the Federal Trade Commission, held at its office in the City of Washington, D. C., on the 8th day of June, A. D. 1937.

Commissioners: William A. Ayres, Chairman; Garland S. Ferguson, Jr.; Charles H. March, Ewin L. Davis, Robert E. Freer.

¹ 2 F. R. 617.

[Docket No. 2748]

IN THE MATTER OF ARPAUL COMPANY, INC.

ORDER APPOINTING EXAMINER AND FIXING TIME AND PLACE FOR
TAKING TESTIMONY

This matter being at issue and ready for the taking of testimony, and pursuant to authority vested in the Federal Trade Commission, under an Act of Congress (38 Stat. 717; 15 U. S. C. A., Section 41),

It is ordered that John W. Addison, an examiner of this Commission, be and he hereby is designated and appointed to take testimony and receive evidence in this proceeding and to perform all other duties authorized by law;

It is further ordered that the taking of testimony in this proceeding begin on Friday, June 18, 1937, at nine o'clock in the forenoon of that day, in room 500, 45 Broadway, New York (eastern standard time).

Upon completion of testimony for the Federal Trade Commission, the examiner is directed to proceed immediately to take testimony and evidence on behalf of the respondent. The examiner will then close the case and make his report. By the Commission.

[SEAL]

OTIS B. JOHNSON, *Secretary*.

[F. R. Doc. 37-1758; Filed, June 14, 1937; 9:37 a. m.]

*United States of America—Before Federal Trade
Commission*

At a regular session of the Federal Trade Commission, held at its office in the City of Washington, D. C., on the 8th day of June, A. D. 1937.

Commissioners: William A. Ayres, Chairman; Garland S. Ferguson, Jr., Charles H. March, Ewin L. Davis, Robert E. Freer.

[Docket No. 2962]

IN THE MATTER OF NATIONAL MODES, INC.; NATIONAL MODES
HOLDING CORPORATION, INC.; AND JOHN BLOCKORDER APPOINTING EXAMINER AND FIXING TIME AND PLACE FOR
TAKING TESTIMONY

This matter being at issue and ready for the taking of testimony, and pursuant to authority vested in the Federal Trade Commission, under an Act of Congress (38 Stat. 717; 15 U. S. C. A., Section 41),

It is ordered that John W. Addison, an examiner of this Commission, be and he hereby is designated and appointed to take testimony and receive evidence in this proceeding and to perform all other duties authorized by law;

It is further ordered that the taking of testimony in this proceeding begin on Wednesday, June 16, 1937, at nine o'clock in the forenoon of that day (eastern standard time) in room 500, 45 Broadway, New York.

Upon completion of testimony for the Federal Trade Commission, the examiner is directed to proceed immediately to take testimony and evidence on behalf of the respondent. The examiner will then close the case and make his report. By the Commission.

[SEAL]

OTIS B. JOHNSON, *Secretary*.

[F. R. Doc. 37-1759; Filed, June 14, 1937; 9:37 a. m.]

*United States of America—Before Federal Trade
Commission*

At a regular session of the Federal Trade Commission, held at its office in the City of Washington, D. C., on the 7th day of June, A. D. 1937.

Commissioners: William A. Ayres, Chairman; Garland S. Ferguson, Jr.; Charles H. March, Ewin L. Davis, Robert E. Freer.

[Docket No. 2925]

IN THE MATTER OF THE TAREX COMPANY

SUBSTITUTE ORDER¹ APPOINTING EXAMINER AND FIXING TIME AND
PLACE FOR TAKING TESTIMONY.

Whereas, Charles P. Vicini, an examiner of this Commission, was heretofore appointed to take testimony and receive evidence in this proceeding, pursuant to authority vested in the Federal Trade Commission, under an Act of Congress (38 Stat. 717; 15 U. S. C. A., Section 41), and whereas the said Charles P. Vicini, by reason of other duties to perform, will be unable to continue therein,

It is ordered that Robert S. Hall, an examiner of this Commission, be and he hereby is designated and appointed to take testimony and receive evidence in this proceeding in the place and stead of the said Charles P. Vicini, beginning on Monday, June 14, 1937, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day (eastern standard time), in room 424, 815 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D. C.

Upon completion of testimony for the Federal Trade Commission, the examiner is directed to proceed immediately to take testimony and evidence on behalf of the respondent. The examiner will then close the case and make his report. By the Commission.

[SEAL]

OTIS B. JOHNSON, *Secretary*.

[F. R. Doc. 37-1760; Filed, June 14, 1937; 9:37 a. m.]

NATIONAL LABOR RELATIONS BOARD.

*United States of America—Before the National Labor
Relations Board*

[Case No. R-156]

IN THE MATTER OF INDUSTRIAL RAYON CORPORATION AND IN-
DUSTRIAL RAYON CORPORATION OF VIRGINIA AND TEXTILE
WORKERS ORGANIZING COMMITTEE

NOTICE OF HEARING

On June 9, 1937, there was filed with the National Labor Relations Board, Washington, D. C., a petition by Sidney Hillman, Chairman, Textile Workers Organizing Committee, alleging that a question affecting commerce has arisen concerning the representation of the employees in the Cleveland, Ohio, plant of the Industrial Rayon Corporation, and in the Covington, Virginia plant of the Industrial Rayon Corporation of Virginia, and requesting that, pursuant to authority granted in Section 9 (c) of the National Labor Relations Act, the National Labor Relations Board investigate such controversy and certify the name or names of the representatives that have been designated or selected by said employees.

Copies of said petitions are attached hereto.²

It appearing to the National Labor Relations Board that a question affecting commerce has arisen concerning the representation of employees in the Cleveland plant of the Industrial Rayon Corporation and in the Covington plant of the Industrial Rayon Corporation of Virginia.

You are hereby notified that, pursuant to Section 9 (c) of the National Labor Relations Act, on the 18th day of June, 1937, at 10 o'clock, E. S. T., in the forenoon, at the offices of the National Labor Relations Board, Denrike Building, 1010 Vermont Ave., N. W., Washington, D. C., a hearing will be conducted by a trial examiner to be designated in accordance with the Rules and Regulations—Series 1, as amended, Article IV, Section 3, and Article III, Section 5, upon the question of representation affecting commerce which has arisen, at which time and place you

¹ 2 F. R. 286.² Not submitted to the Division of the Federal Register, The National Archives, as a part of this document.

shall have the right to appear in person or otherwise, and give testimony.

Enclosed herewith for your information is a copy of Rules and Regulations, Series 1, as amended,¹ made and published by the National Labor Relations Board pursuant to authority granted it in the National Labor Relations Act. Your attention is particularly directed to Article III of said Rules and Regulations.

In witness whereof the National Labor Relations Board has caused this, its notice of hearing, to be signed by the Secretary of the Board on the 12th day of June, 1937.

By direction of the Board.

[SEAL]

BENEDICT WOLF, *Secretary*.

[F. R. Doc. 37-1761; Filed, June 14, 1937; 9:45 a. m.]

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION.

United States of America—Before the Securities and Exchange Commission

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission held at its office in the City of Washington, D. C., on the 14th day of June, A. D. 1937.

[File No. 32-65]

IN THE MATTER OF GRANITE STATE ELECTRIC COMPANY

NOTICE OF AND ORDER FOR HEARING

An application having been duly filed with this Commission, by Granite State Electric Company, a subsidiary of New England Power Association, a registered holding company, pursuant to Section 6 (b) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935, for exemption from the provisions of Section 6 (a) of the issue and sale of 3,610 shares of \$100 par value capital stock to New England Power Association for not less than \$361,000 cash, for the purpose of retiring on August 1, 1937, \$361,000 for applicant's First Mortgage Five Per Cent Bonds, dated August 1, 1917, maturing August 1, 1942.

It is ordered that a hearing on such matter be held on June 30, 1937, at 11:00 o'clock in the forenoon of that day at Room 1101, Securities and Exchange Building, 1778 Pennsylvania Avenue NW., Washington, D. C.; and

Notice of such hearing is hereby given to said party and to any interested State, State commission, State securities commission, municipality, and any other political subdivision of a State, and to any representative of interested consumers or security holders, and any other person whose participation in such proceeding may be in the public interest or for the protection of investors or consumers. It is requested that any person desiring to be heard or to be admitted as a party to such proceeding shall file a notice to that effect with the Commission on or before June 25, 1937.

It is further ordered that Charles S. Moore, an officer of the Commission, be and he hereby is designated to preside at such hearing, and authorized to adjourn said hearing from time to time, to administer oaths and affirmations, subpoena witnesses, compel their attendance, take evidence, and require the production of any books, papers, correspondence, memoranda, contracts, agreements, or other records deemed relevant or material to the inquiry, and to perform all other duties in connection therewith authorized by law.

Upon the completion of the taking of testimony in this matter, the officer conducting said hearing is directed to close the hearing and make his report to the Commission. By the Commission.

[SEAL]

FRANCIS P. BRASSOR, *Secretary*.

[F. R. Doc. 37-1772; Filed, June 14, 1937; 12:46 p. m.]

¹ 1 F. R. 321.

United States of America—Before the Securities and Exchange Commission

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission held at its office in the City of Washington, D. C., on the 14th day of June, A. D. 1937.

[File No. 46-61]

IN THE MATTER OF INTERNATIONAL HYDRO-ELECTRIC SYSTEM

NOTICE OF AND ORDER FOR HEARING

An application has been duly filed with this Commission, by International Hydro-Electric System pursuant to Section 10 (a) (1) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935, for approval of the acquisition by it of 1,500,000 common shares of Gatineau Power Company, a wholly owned subsidiary of Canadian Hydro-Electric Corporation, Limited, a subsidiary (not wholly owned) of the applicant. Such acquisition is to be pursuant to a plan for the amalgamation of the said Canadian Hydro-Electric Corporation, Limited, with the said Gatineau Power Company to be carried out by a Compromise or Arrangement between Canadian Hydro-Electric Corporation, Limited, and its shareholders pursuant to Section 122 of the Companies Act, 1934, of the Dominion of Canada. Under the provisions of such Compromise or Arrangement the applicant, which now owns all of the outstanding 6% non-cumulative second preferred and common shares of Canadian Hydro-Electric Corporation, Limited, will receive in substitution therefor the before mentioned 1,500,000 common shares of Gatineau Power Company, and the holders of the outstanding 6% cumulative first preferred shares of Canadian Hydro-Electric Corporation, Limited, will receive in substitution therefor 5% cumulative preferred and common shares of Gatineau Power Company on the basis of one 5% cumulative preferred share and one common share of Gatineau Power Company for each 6% cumulative first preferred share of Canadian Hydro-Electric Corporation, Limited.

It is ordered that a hearing on such matter be held on July 1, 1937, at 10:00 o'clock in the forenoon of that day at Room 1101, Securities and Exchange Building, 1778 Pennsylvania Avenue, N. W., Washington, D. C.; and

Notice of such hearing is hereby given to said party and to any interested State, State commission, State securities commission, municipality, and any other political subdivision of a State, and to any representative of interested consumers or security holders, and any other person whose participation in such proceeding may be in the public interest or for the protection of investors or consumers. It is requested that any person desiring to be heard or to be admitted as a party to such proceeding shall file a notice to that effect with the Commission on or before June 26, 1937.

It is further ordered that Charles S. Lobingier, an officer of the Commission, be and he hereby is designated to preside at such hearing, and authorized to adjourn said hearing from time to time, to administer oaths and affirmations, subpoena witnesses, compel their attendance, take evidence, and require the production of any books, papers, correspondence, memoranda, contracts, agreements, or other records deemed relevant or material to the inquiry, and to perform all other duties in connection therewith authorized by law.

Upon the completion of the taking of testimony in this matter, the officer conducting said hearing is directed to close the hearing and make his report to the Commission.

By the Commission.

[SEAL]

FRANCIS P. BRASSOR, *Secretary*.

[F. R. Doc. 37-1771; Filed, June 14, 1937; 12:46 p. m.]

United States of America—Before the Securities and Exchange Commission

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission, held at its office in the City of Washington, D. C., on the 12th day of June, 1937.

[File No. 1-1175]

IN THE MATTER OF COOPER BESSEMER CORPORATION \$3 CUMULATIVE PREFERRED STOCK, SERIES A, NO PAR VALUE
ORDER SETTING HEARING ON APPLICATION TO WITHDRAW FROM LISTING AND REGISTRATION

The Cooper Bessemer Corporation, pursuant to Section 12 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and Rule JD2 promulgated thereunder, having made application to the Commission to withdraw its \$3 Cumulative Preferred Stock, Series A, No Par Value, from listing and registration on the New York Curb Exchange and the Cleveland Stock Exchange; and

The Commission deeming it necessary for the protection of investors that a hearing be held in this matter at which all interested persons be given an opportunity to be heard;

It is ordered, that the matter be set down for hearing at 10 o'clock a. m. on Monday, June 28, 1937, in Room 1101, Securities and Exchange Commission Building, 1778 Pennsylvania Avenue, N. W., Washington, D. C., and continue thereafter at such times and places as the Commission or its officer herein designated shall determine, and that general notice thereof be given; and

It is further ordered, that Robert P. Reeder, an officer of the Commission, be and he hereby is designated to administer oaths and affirmations, subpoena witnesses, compel their attendance, take evidence, and require the production of any books, papers, correspondence, memoranda or other records deemed relevant or material to the inquiry, and to perform all other duties in connection therewith authorized by law.

By the Commission:

[SEAL]

FRANCIS P. BRASSOR, *Secretary*.

[F. R. Doc. 37-1779; Filed, June 14, 1937; 12:48 p. m.]

United States of America—Before the Securities and Exchange Commission

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission, held at its office in the City of Washington, D. C., on the 12th day of June, 1937.

[File No. 1-113]

IN THE MATTER OF DISTILLERS AND BREWERS CORPORATION OF AMERICA COMMON STOCK, \$5 PAR VALUE

ORDER SETTING HEARING ON APPLICATION TO WITHDRAW FROM LISTING AND REGISTRATION

The Distillers and Brewers Corporation of America, pursuant to Section 12 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and Rule JD2 promulgated thereunder, having made application to the Commission to withdraw its Common Stock, \$5 Par Value, from listing and registration on the Board of Trade of the City of Chicago; and

The Commission deeming it necessary for the protection of investors that a hearing be held in this matter at which all interested persons be given an opportunity to be heard;

It is ordered, that the matter be set down for hearing at 2 o'clock P. M. on Monday, June 28, 1937, in Room 1101, Securities and Exchange Commission Building, 1778 Pennsylvania Avenue, N. W., Washington, D. C., and continue thereafter at such times and places as the Commission or its officer herein designated shall determine, and that general notice thereof be given; and

It is further ordered, that Robert P. Reeder, an officer of the Commission, be and he hereby is designated to administer oaths and affirmations, subpoena witnesses, compel their attendance, take evidence, and require the production of any books, papers, correspondence, memoranda or other records deemed relevant or material to the inquiry, and to perform all other duties in connection therewith authorized by law.

By the Commission.

FRANCIS P. BRASSOR, *Secretary*.

[F. R. Doc. 37-1778; Filed, June 14, 1937; 12:47 p. m.]

No. 114—3

United States of America—Before the Securities and Exchange Commission

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission, held at its office in the City of Washington, D. C., on the 12th day of June, 1937.

[File No. 1-487]

IN THE MATTER OF GULF STATES STEEL COMPANY COMMON STOCK, NO PAR VALUE

ORDER SETTING HEARING ON APPLICATION TO STRIKE FROM LISTING AND REGISTRATION

The New York Stock Exchange, pursuant to Section 12 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and Rule JD2 promulgated thereunder, having made application to the Commission to strike from listing and registration the Common Stock, No Par Value, of Gulf States Steel Company; and

The Commission deeming it necessary for the protection of investors that a hearing be held in this matter at which all interested persons be given an opportunity to be heard;

It is ordered, that the matter be set down for hearing at 11 o'clock A. M. on Friday, June 25, 1937, in Room 1101, Securities and Exchange Commission Building, 1778 Pennsylvania Avenue, N. W., Washington, D. C., and continue thereafter at such times and places as the Commission or its officer herein designated shall determine, and that general notice thereof be given; and

It is further ordered, that Charles S. Moore, an officer of the Commission, be and he hereby is designated to administer oaths and affirmations, subpoena witnesses, compel their attendance, take evidence, and require the production of any books, papers, correspondence, memoranda or other records deemed relevant or material to the inquiry, and to perform all other duties in connection therewith authorized by law.

By the Commission.

[SEAL]

FRANCIS P. BRASSOR, *Secretary*.

[F. R. Doc. 37-1776; Filed, June 14, 1937; 12:47 p. m.]

United States of America—Before the Securities and Exchange Commission

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission, held at its office in the City of Washington, D. C., on the 12th day of June, 1937.

[File No. 1-2586]

IN THE MATTER OF KEYSTONE DIVIDE MINING COMPANY COMMON STOCK, 10 CENTS PAR VALUE

ORDER SETTING HEARING ON APPLICATION TO STRIKE FROM LISTING AND REGISTRATION

The San Francisco Mining Exchange, pursuant to Section 12 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and Rule JD2 promulgated thereunder, having made application to the Commission to strike from listing and registration the Common Stock, 10 cents par value, of Keystone Divide Mining Company; and

The Commission deeming it necessary for the protection of investors that a hearing be held in this matter at which all interested persons be given an opportunity to be heard;

It is ordered, that the matter be set down for hearing at 10 o'clock A. M. on Friday, June 25, 1937, in Room 1101, Securities and Exchange Commission Building, 1778 Pennsylvania Avenue, N. W., Washington, D. C., and continue thereafter at such times and places as the Commission or its officer herein designated shall determine, and that general notice thereof be given; and

It is further ordered, that Charles S. Moore, an officer of the Commission, be and he hereby is designated to administer oaths and affirmations, subpoena witnesses, compel their attendance, take evidence, and require the production of any books, papers, correspondence, memoranda or other

records deemed relevant or material to the inquiry, and to perform all other duties in connection therewith authorized by law.

By the Commission.

[SEAL]

FRANCIS P. BRASSOR, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 37-1774; Filed, June 14, 1937; 12:46 p. m.]

United States of America—Before the Securities and Exchange Commission

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission, held at its office in the City of Washington, D. C., on the 12th day of June, 1937.

[File No. 1-572]

IN THE MATTER OF THE MENGEL COMPANY, 7% CUMULATIVE PREFERRED STOCK, \$100 PAR VALUE

ORDER SETTING HEARING ON APPLICATION TO STRIKE FROM LISTING AND REGISTRATION

The New York Stock Exchange, pursuant to Section 12 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and Rule JD2 promulgated thereunder, having made application to the Commission to strike from listing and registration the 7% Cumulative Preferred Stock, \$100 Par Value, of The Mengel Company; and

The Commission deeming it necessary for the protection of investors that a hearing be held in this matter at which all interested persons be given an opportunity to be heard;

It is ordered, that the matter be set down for hearing at 3 o'clock P. M. on Friday, June 25, 1937, in Room 1101, Securities and Exchange Commission Building, 1778 Pennsylvania Avenue, N. W., Washington, D. C., and continue thereafter at such times and places as the Commission or its officer herein designated shall determine, and that general notice thereof be given; and

It is further ordered, that Charles S. Moore, an officer of the Commission, be and he hereby is designated to administer oaths and affirmations, subpoena witnesses, compel their attendance, take evidence, and require the production of any books, papers, correspondence, memoranda or other records deemed relevant or material to the inquiry, and to perform all other duties in connection therewith authorized by law.

By the Commission.

[SEAL]

FRANCIS P. BRASSOR, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 37-1775; Filed, June 14, 1937; 12:47 p. m.]

United States of America—Before the Securities and Exchange Commission

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission, held at its office in the City of Washington, D. C., on the 12th day of June, 1937.

[File No. 1-1813]

IN THE MATTER OF MERCHANTS PETROLEUM COMPANY COMMON STOCK, \$1.00 PAR VALUE

ORDER SETTING HEARING ON APPLICATION TO WITHDRAW FROM LISTING AND REGISTRATION

The Merchants Petroleum Company, pursuant to Section 12 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and Rule JD2 promulgated thereunder, having made application to the Commission to withdraw its Common Stock, \$1.00 Par Value, from listing and registration on the Los Angeles Stock Exchange; and

The Commission deeming it necessary for the protection of investors that a hearing be held in this matter at which all interested persons be given an opportunity to be heard;

It is ordered, that the matter be set down for hearing at 11 o'clock A. M. on Monday, June 28, 1937, in Room 1101, Securities and Exchange Commission Building, 1778 Pennsylvania Avenue, N. W., Washington, D. C., and continue

thereafter at such times and places as the Commission or its officer herein designated shall determine, and that general notice thereof be given; and

It is further ordered, that Robert P. Reeder, an officer of the Commission, be and he hereby is designated to administer oaths and affirmations, subpoena witnesses, compel their attendance, take evidence, and require the production of any books, papers, correspondence, memoranda or other records deemed relevant or material to the inquiry, and to perform all other duties in connection therewith authorized by law.

By the Commission.

[SEAL]

FRANCIS P. BRASSOR, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 37-1773; Filed, June 14, 1937; 12:46 p. m.]

United States of America—Before the Securities and Exchange Commission

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission, held at its office in the City of Washington, D. C., on the 12th day of June, 1937.

[File No. 1-2188]

IN THE MATTER OF SQUARE D COMPANY, CLASS A PREFERRED STOCK, NO PAR VALUE

ORDER SETTING HEARING ON APPLICATION TO STRIKE FROM LISTING AND REGISTRATION

The New York Curb Exchange, pursuant to Section 12 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and Rule JD2 promulgated thereunder, having made application to the Commission to strike from listing and registration the Class A Preferred Stock, No Par Value, of Square D Company; and

The Commission deeming it necessary for the protection of investors that a hearing be held in this matter at which all interested persons be given an opportunity to be heard;

It is ordered, that the matter be set down for hearing at 2 o'clock P. M. on Friday, June 25, 1937, in Room 1101, Securities and Exchange Commission Building, 1778 Pennsylvania Avenue, N. W., Washington, D. C., and continue thereafter at such times and places as the Commission or its officer herein designated shall determine, and that general notice thereof be given; and

It is further ordered, that Charles S. Moore, an officer of the Commission, be and he hereby is designated to administer oaths and affirmations, subpoena witnesses, compel their attendance, take evidence, and require the production of any books, papers, correspondence, memoranda or other records deemed relevant or material to the inquiry, and to perform all other duties in connection therewith authorized by law.

By the Commission.

FRANCIS P. BRASSOR, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 37-1777; Filed, June 14, 1937; 12:47 p. m.]

United States of America—Before the Securities and Exchange Commission

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission held at its office in the City of Washington, D. C., on the 11th day of June, A. D., 1937.

IN THE MATTER OF AN OFFERING SHEET OF A ROYALTY INTEREST IN THE CONTINENTAL-JANSSEN FARM, FILED ON MAY 24, 1937, BY ELMER J. COUSINO, RESPONDENT

ORDER FOR CONTINUANCE

The Securities and Exchange Commission, having been requested by its counsel for a continuance of the hearing in the above entitled matter, which was last set to be heard at 2:00 o'clock in the afternoon on the 11th day of June, 1937, at the office of the Securities and Exchange Com-

¹ 2 F. R. 1113.

mission, 18th Street and Pennsylvania Avenue, Washington, D. C., and it appearing proper to grant the request;

It is ordered, pursuant to Rule VI of the Commission's Rules of Practice under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, that the said hearing be continued to 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon on the 25th day of June, 1937, at the same place and before the same trial examiner.

By the Commission.

[SEAL]

FRANCIS P. BRASSOR, *Secretary*.

[F. R. Doc. 37-1783; Filed, June 14, 1937; 12:49 p. m.]

United States of America—Before the Securities and Exchange Commission

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission held at its office in the City of Washington, D. C., on the 11th day of June, A. D., 1937.

IN THE MATTER OF AN OFFERING SHEET OF A ROYALTY INTEREST IN THE GULF-WISE-VINSON FARM, FILED ON MAY 24, 1937, BY GENERAL INDUSTRIES CORP., LTD., RESPONDENT

ORDER FOR CONTINUANCE

The Securities and Exchange Commission, having been requested by its counsel for a continuance of the hearing in the above entitled matter, which was last set to be heard at 11:00 o'clock in the forenoon on the 11th day of June, 1937,¹ at the office of the Securities and Exchange Commission, 18th Street and Pennsylvania Avenue, Washington, D. C., and it appearing proper to grant the request;

It is ordered, pursuant to Rule VI of the Commission's Rules of Practice under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, that the said hearing be continued to 10:00 o'clock in the forenoon on the 25th day of June, 1937, at the same place and before the same trial examiner.

By the Commission.

[SEAL]

FRANCIS P. BRASSOR, *Secretary*.

[F. R. Doc. 37-1781; Filed, June 14, 1937; 12:48 p. m.]

United States of America—Before the Securities and Exchange Commission

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission held at its office in the City of Washington, D. C., on the 11th day of June, A. D., 1937.

IN THE MATTER OF AN OFFERING SHEET OF A ROYALTY INTEREST IN THE INLAND-HOWES CAPITOL FARM, FILED ON MAY 21, 1937, BY HARRY A. GEORGE, RESPONDENT

ORDER FOR CONTINUANCE

The Securities and Exchange Commission, having been requested by its counsel for a continuance of the hearing in the above entitled matter, which was last set to be heard at 3:00 o'clock in the afternoon on the 11th day of June, 1937,² at the office of the Securities and Exchange Commission, 18th Street and Pennsylvania Avenue, Washington, D. C., and it appearing proper to grant the request;

It is ordered, pursuant to Rule VI of the Commission's Rules of Practice under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, that the said hearing be continued to 11:00 o'clock

in the forenoon on the 25th day of June, 1937, at the same place and before the same trial examiner.

By the Commission.

[SEAL]

FRANCIS P. BRASSOR, *Secretary*.

[F. R. Doc. 37-1782; Filed, June 14, 1937; 12:48 p. m.]

United States of America—Before the Securities and Exchange Commission

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission held at its office in the City of Washington, D. C., on the 11th day of June, A. D., 1937.¹

IN THE MATTER OF AN OFFERING SHEET OF A ROYALTY INTEREST IN THE PHILLIPS-STILES COMMUNITY FARM, FILED ON MAY 21, 1937, BY STANDARD DEALERS COMPANY, INC., RESPONDENT

ORDER FOR CONTINUANCE

The Securities and Exchange Commission, having been requested by its counsel for a continuance of the hearing in the above entitled matter, which was last set to be heard at 4:00 o'clock in the afternoon on the 11th day of June, 1937, at the office of the Securities and Exchange Commission, 18th Street and Pennsylvania Avenue, Washington, D. C., and it appearing proper to grant the request;

It is ordered, pursuant to Rule VI of the Commission's Rules of Practice under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, that the said hearing be continued to 11:30 o'clock in the forenoon on the 25th day of June, 1937, at the same place and before the same trial examiner.

By the Commission.

[SEAL]

FRANCIS P. BRASSOR, *Secretary*.

[F. R. Doc. 37-1784; Filed, June 14, 1937; 12:49 p. m.]

United States of America—Before the Securities and Exchange Commission

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission held at its office in the City of Washington, D. C., on the 12th day of June, A. D., 1937.

IN THE MATTER OF AN OFFERING SHEET OF A ROYALTY INTEREST IN THE SHELL-MARY WHIPPLE LEASE, FILED ON MAY 29, 1937, BY D. F. BERNHEIMER & Co., INC., RESPONDENT

ORDER TERMINATING PROCEEDING AFTER AMENDMENT

The Securities and Exchange Commission, finding that the offering sheet described in the title hereof has been amended to cure the objections specified in the Temporary Suspension Order previously entered in this proceeding;¹

It is ordered, pursuant to Rule 354 (c) of the General Rules and Regulations promulgated by the Commission under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, that the amendment received at the office of the Commission on June 9, 1937, be effective as of June 9, 1937.

It is further ordered, that the Temporary Suspension Order heretofore entered in this proceeding be, and hereby is, revoked, and said proceeding is terminated as of the effective date of said amendment.

By the Commission.

[SEAL]

FRANCIS P. BRASSOR, *Secretary*.

[F. R. Doc. 37-1780; Filed, June 14, 1937; 12:48 p. m.]

¹ 2 F. R. 1115.

² 2 F. R. 1115.

¹ 2 F. R. 1116.

² 2 F. R. 1172.